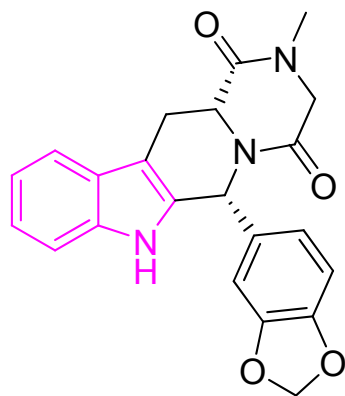


## Recent Developments toward Synthesis of the “Privileged” Indole Scaffold



Dimitra Kontokosta  
November 11, 2009

# Contents

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- Introduction

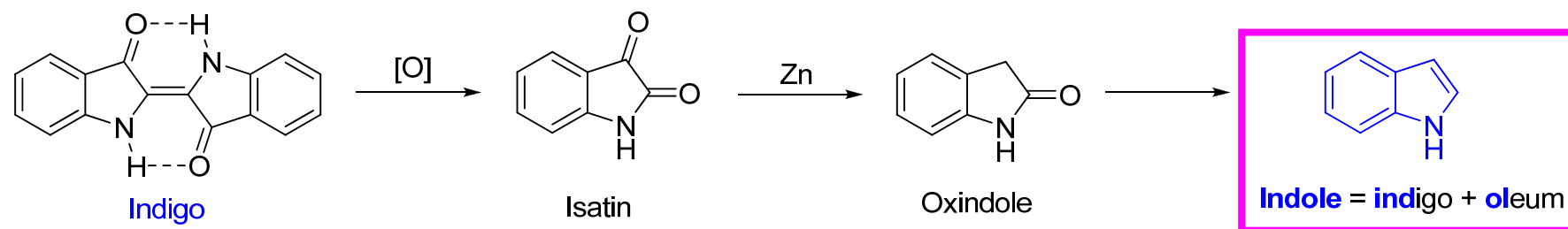
*Synthesis of substituted indoles via:*

- Rearrangement Reactions
- Multi-component, One-Pot Syntheses
- C–H Amination of Azides
- Pd-Catalyzed C–H Functionalization
- Nb-Promoted C–F Functionalization
- Conclusion

# Historical Background

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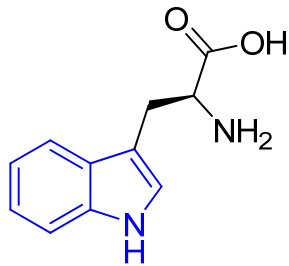
- First synthesis by Adolf von Baeyer in 1866.



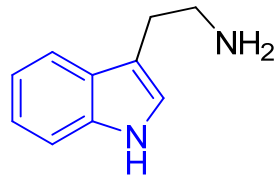
- Indole structure proposed in 1869.
- Used in dyes until the end of the 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- Special interest gained in 1930's with the discovery of biologically important molecules.

# Indoles in Nature

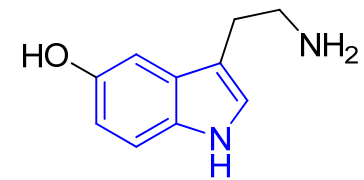
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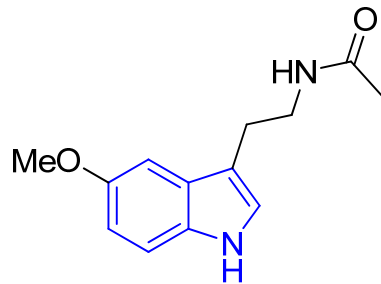
**Tryptophan**  
(amino acid)



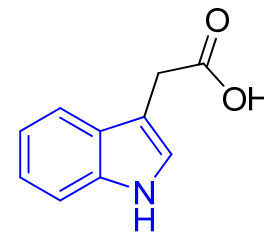
**Tryptamine**  
(alkaloid)



**Serotonin**  
(neurotransmitter)



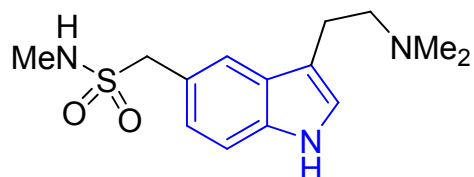
**Melatonin**  
(hormone)



**Auxin**  
(plant hormone)

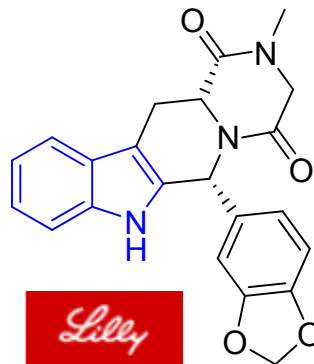
# Indoles in Pharmaceuticals

**Imitrex** (rank # 35)



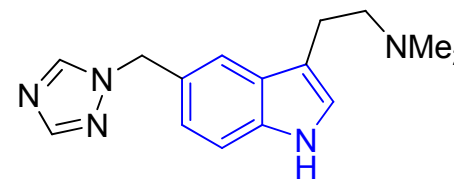
Serotonin receptor agonist;  
treatment of migraines

**Cialis** (rank # 66)



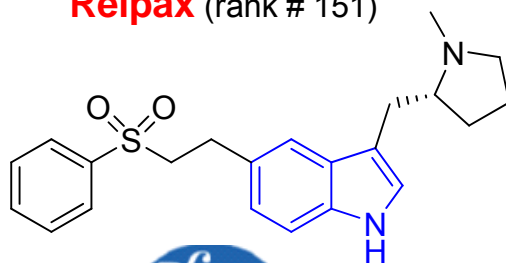
Phosphodiesterase inhibitor;  
treatment of erectile dysfunction

**Maxalt** (rank # 148)



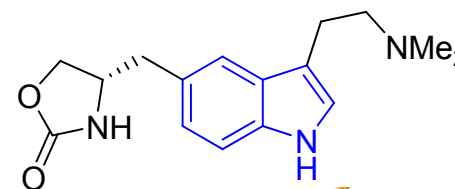
Serotonin receptor agonist;  
treatment of migraines

**Relpax** (rank # 151)



Serotonin receptor agonist;  
treatment of migraines

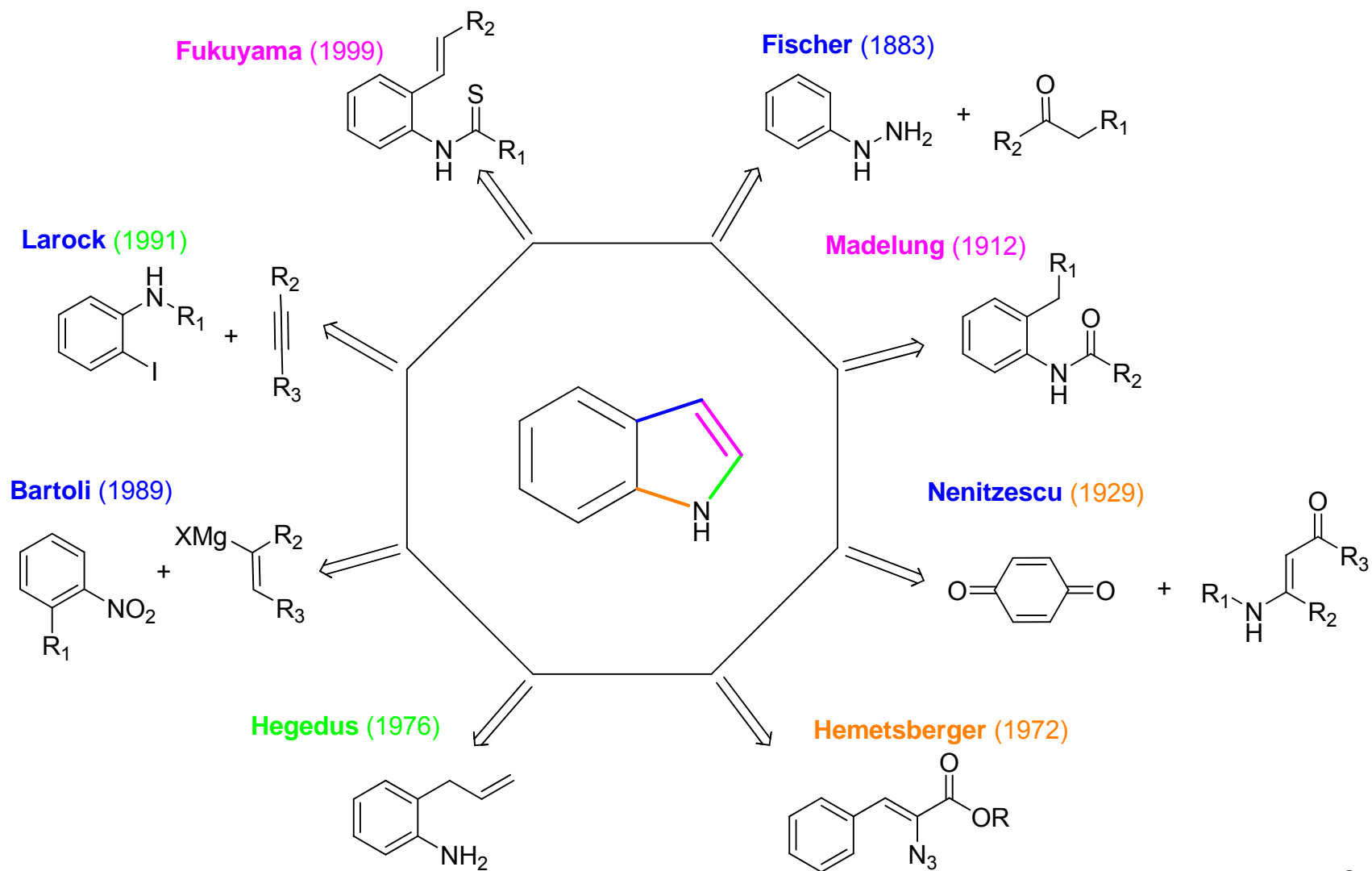
**Zomig** (rank # 196)



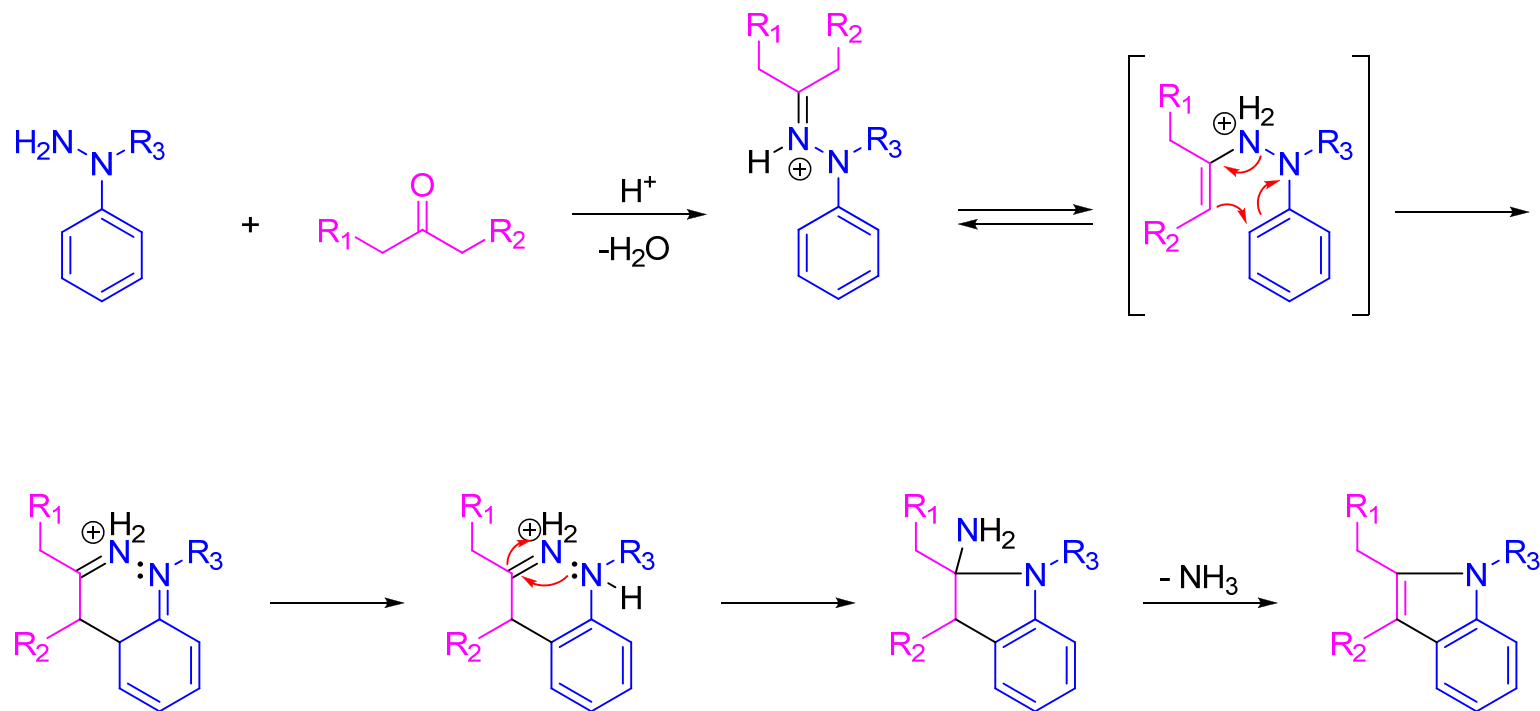
Serotonin receptor agonist;  
treatment of migraines

\* Rankings among top 200 drugs in 2008

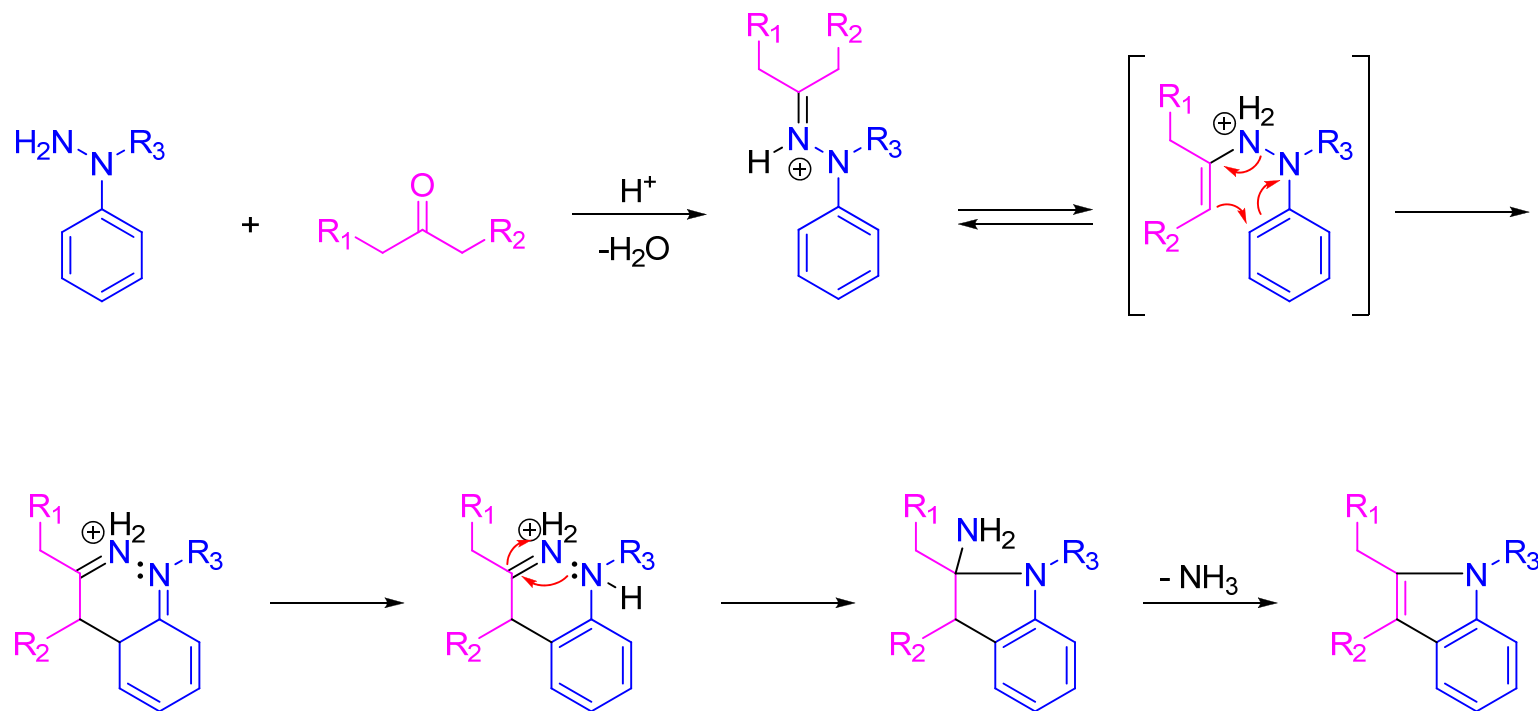
# Indole Synthesis: Classical Approaches



# Fischer Indole Synthesis



# Fischer Indole Synthesis



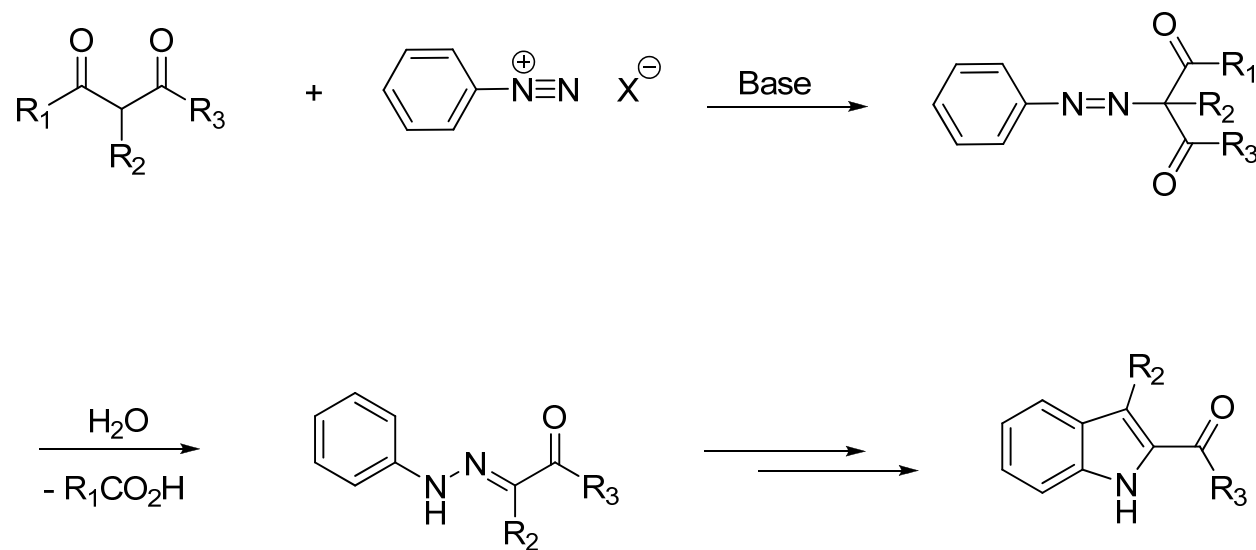
## Limitations

- Availability of certain substituted aryl hydrazines.
- Unsymmetrical ketones give a mixture of regioisomers.
- EWG groups on the aromatic ring are not well tolerated.
- Slow reaction times with *ortho*-substituted arylhydrazines.



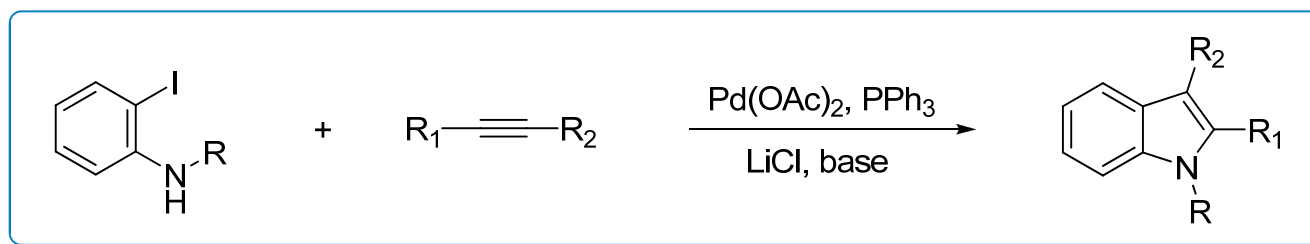
# Japp-Klingemann Reaction

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# Larrock Heteroannulation

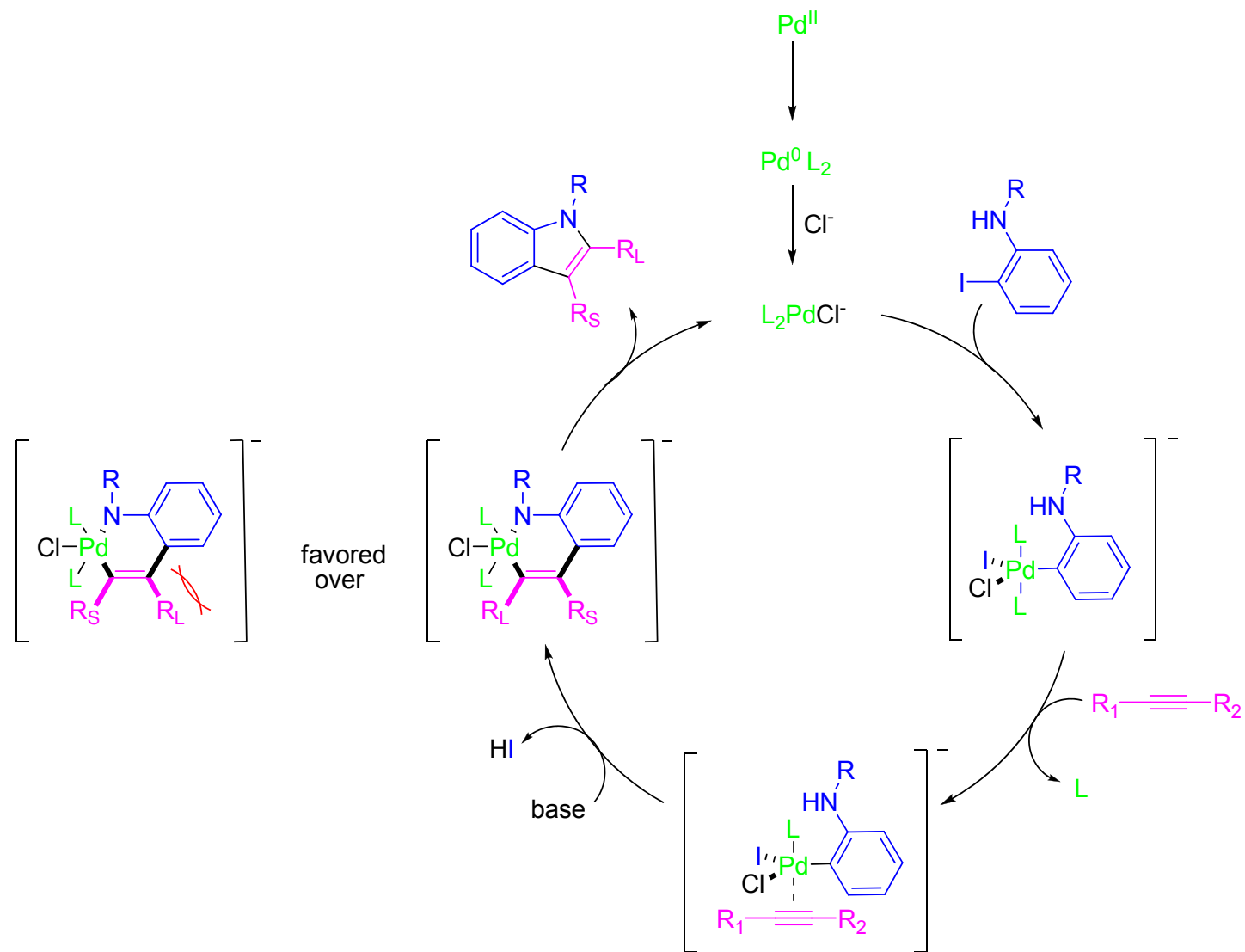
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## Limitation

- Iodoanilines required; low yields with 2-bromo- or 2-chloroanilines.

# Larrock Heteroannulation



# Why New Methodologies?

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Continuous interest in the development of synthetic routes that:

- Tolerate a wide variety of functional groups.
- Provide a variety of substitution patterns.
- Utilize readily available starting materials.
- Are economical, efficient, and take place under mild, “green” conditions.

# Contents

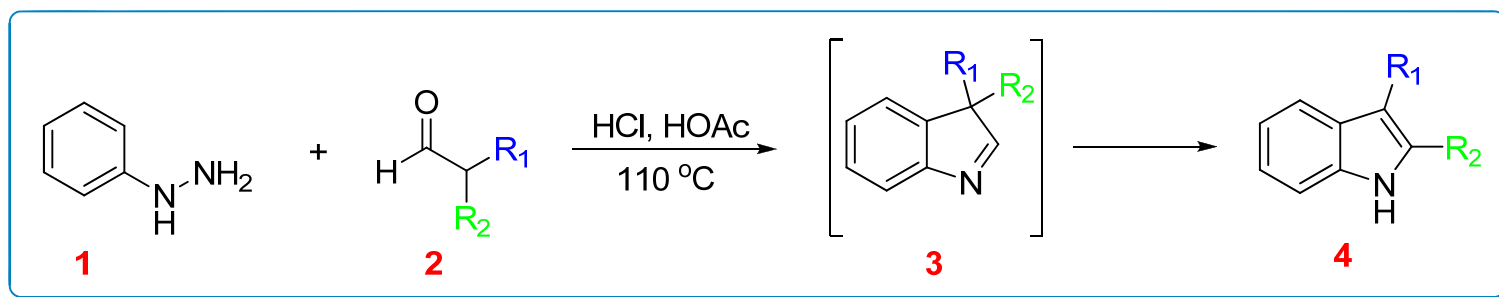
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- Introduction

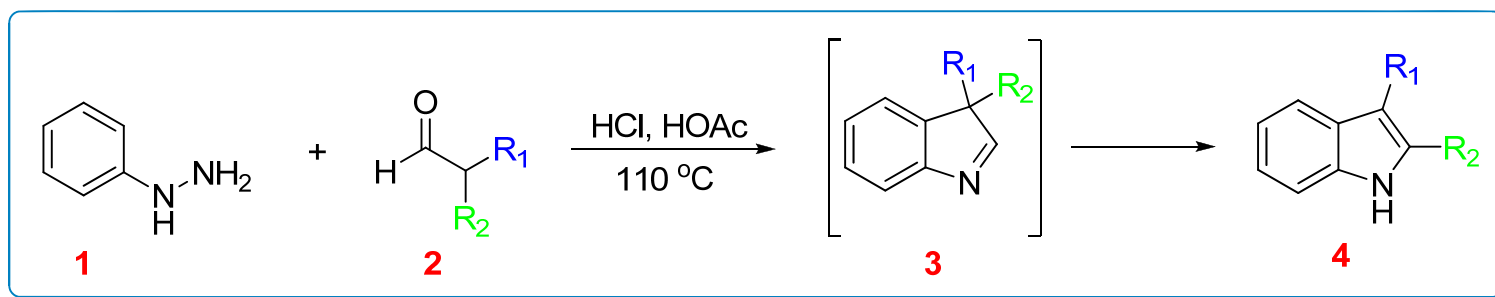
*Synthesis of substituted indoles via:*

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# 3,3-Disubstituted Indolenine Rearrangement



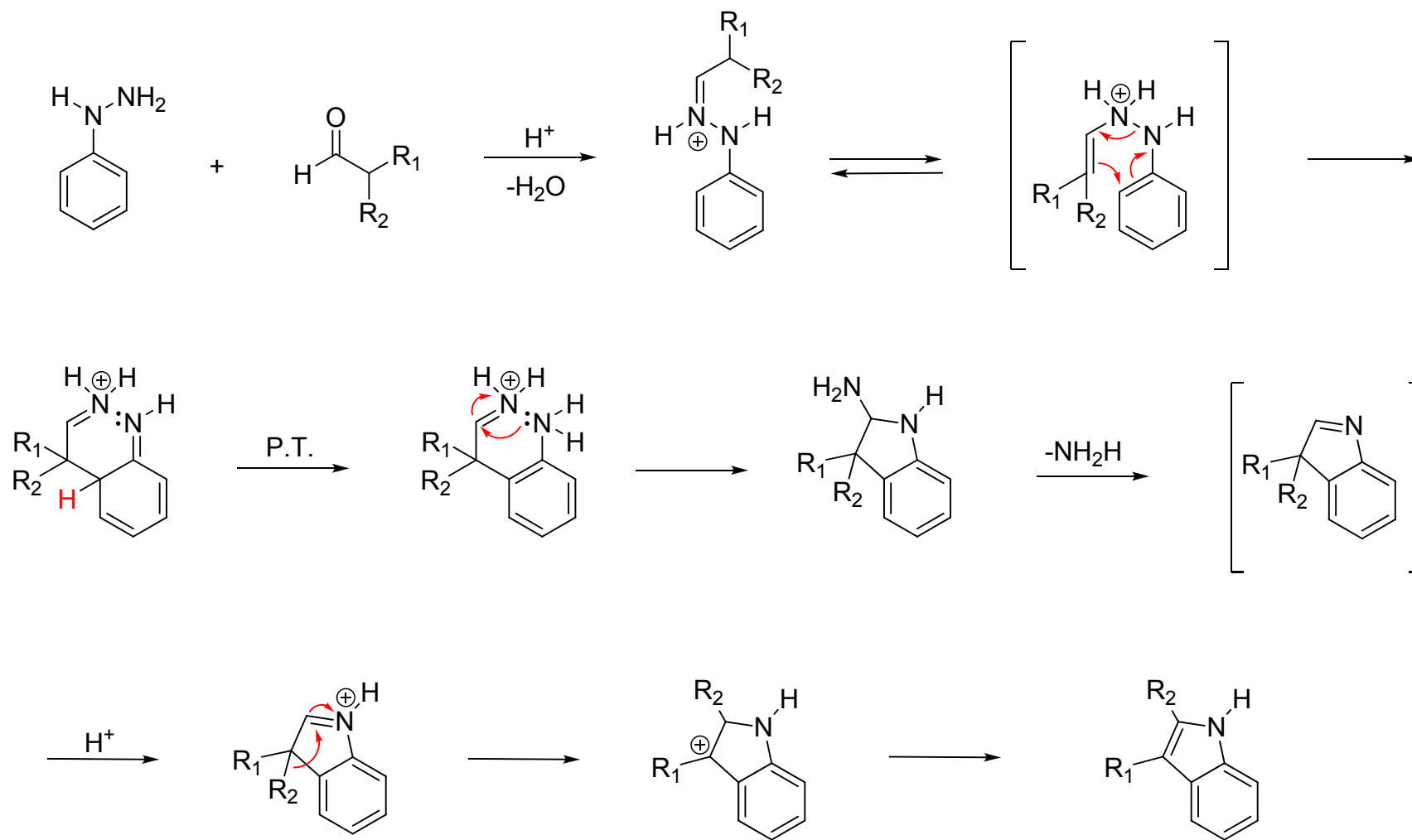
# 3,3-Disubstituted Indolenine Rearrangement



Entry	2	3	4	% yield 4
1				55%
2				50%
3				56%
4				60%

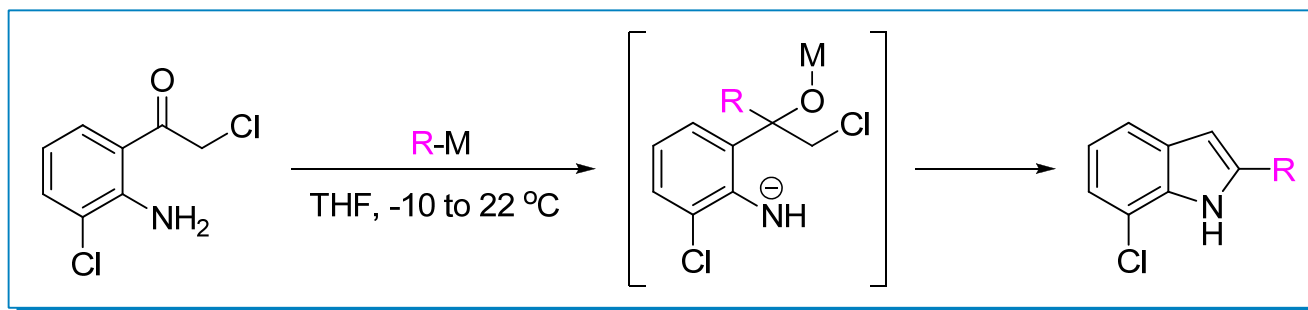
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# Mechanism

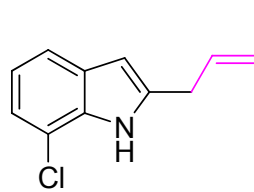
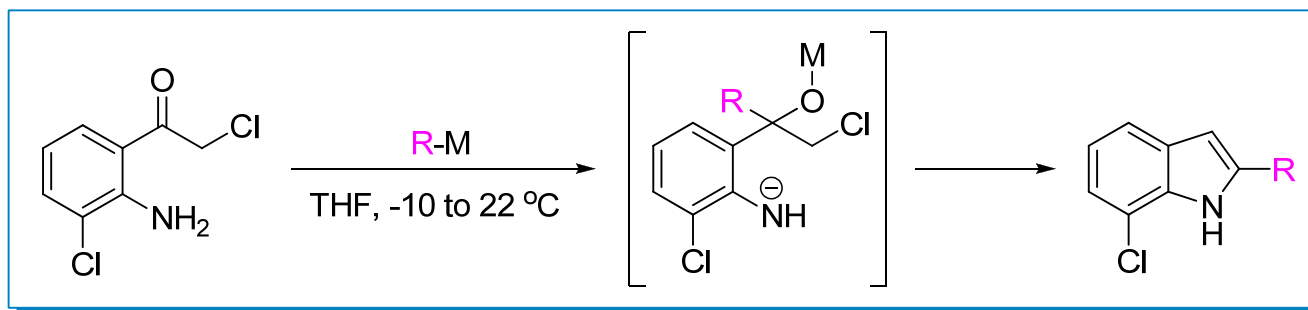




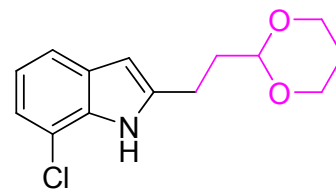
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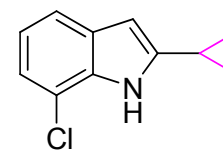
# [1,2]-Aryl Rearrangement



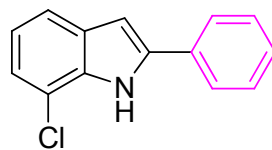
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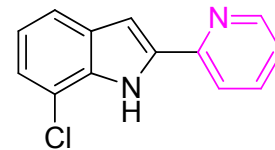
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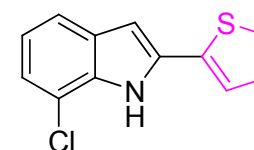
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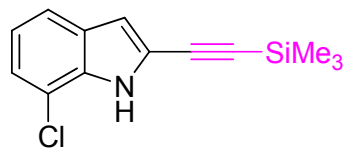
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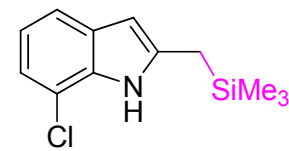
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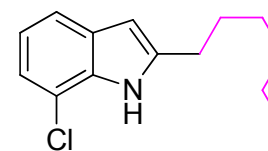
72%



54%

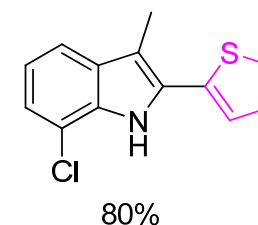
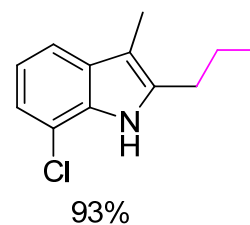
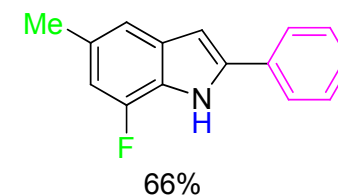
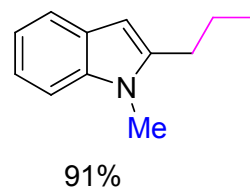
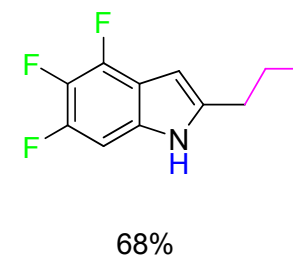
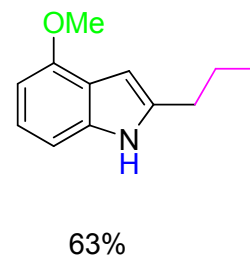
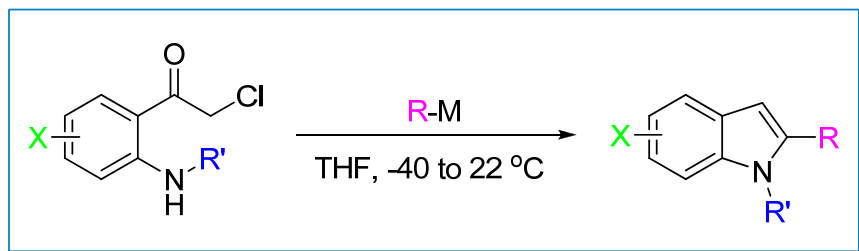


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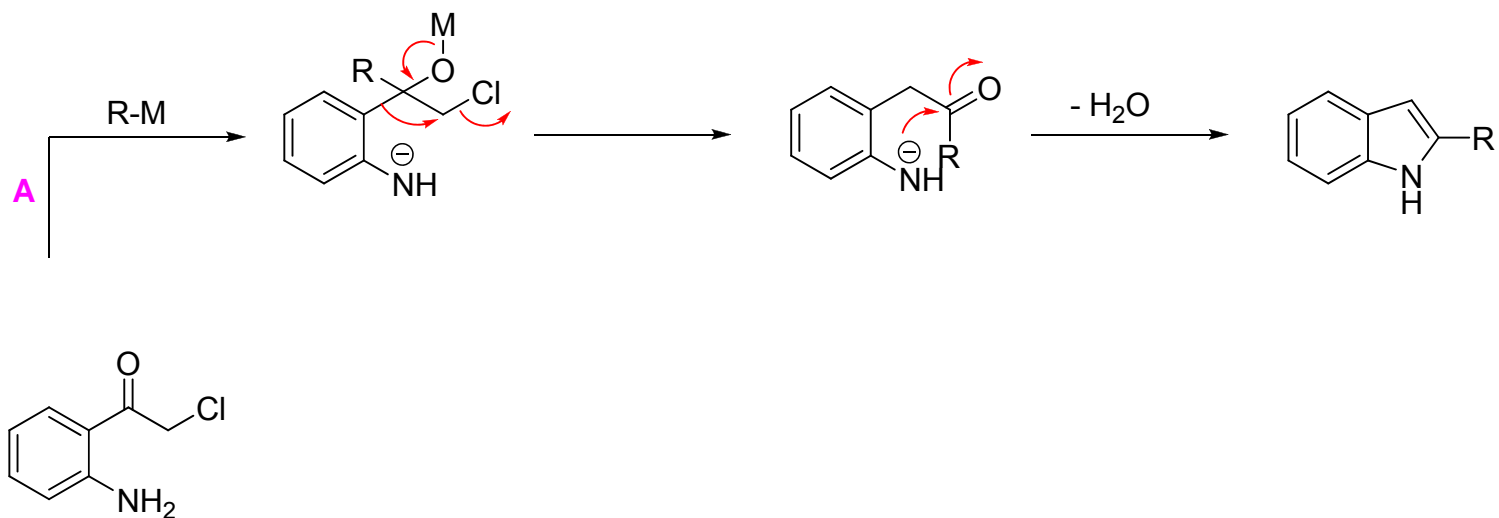


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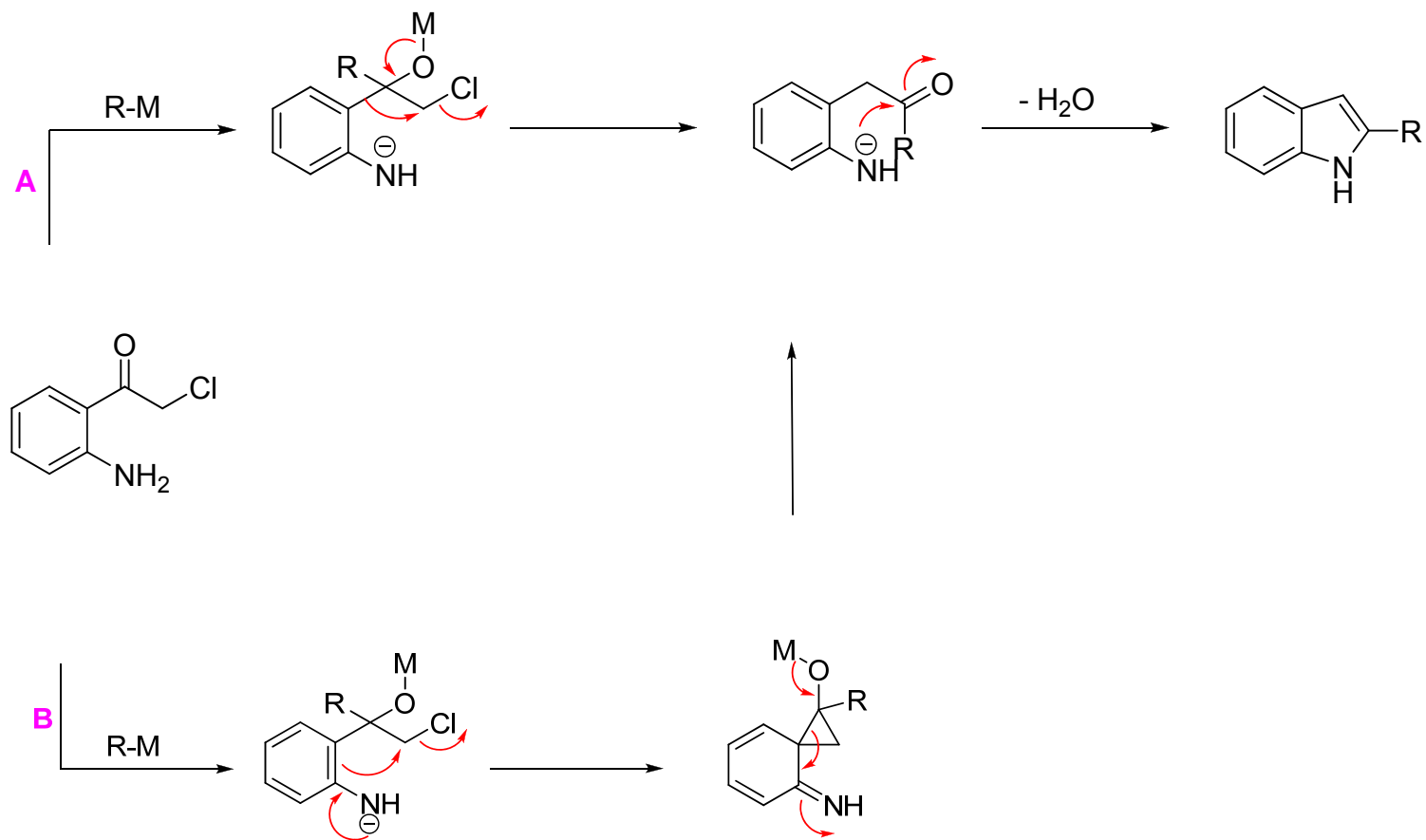
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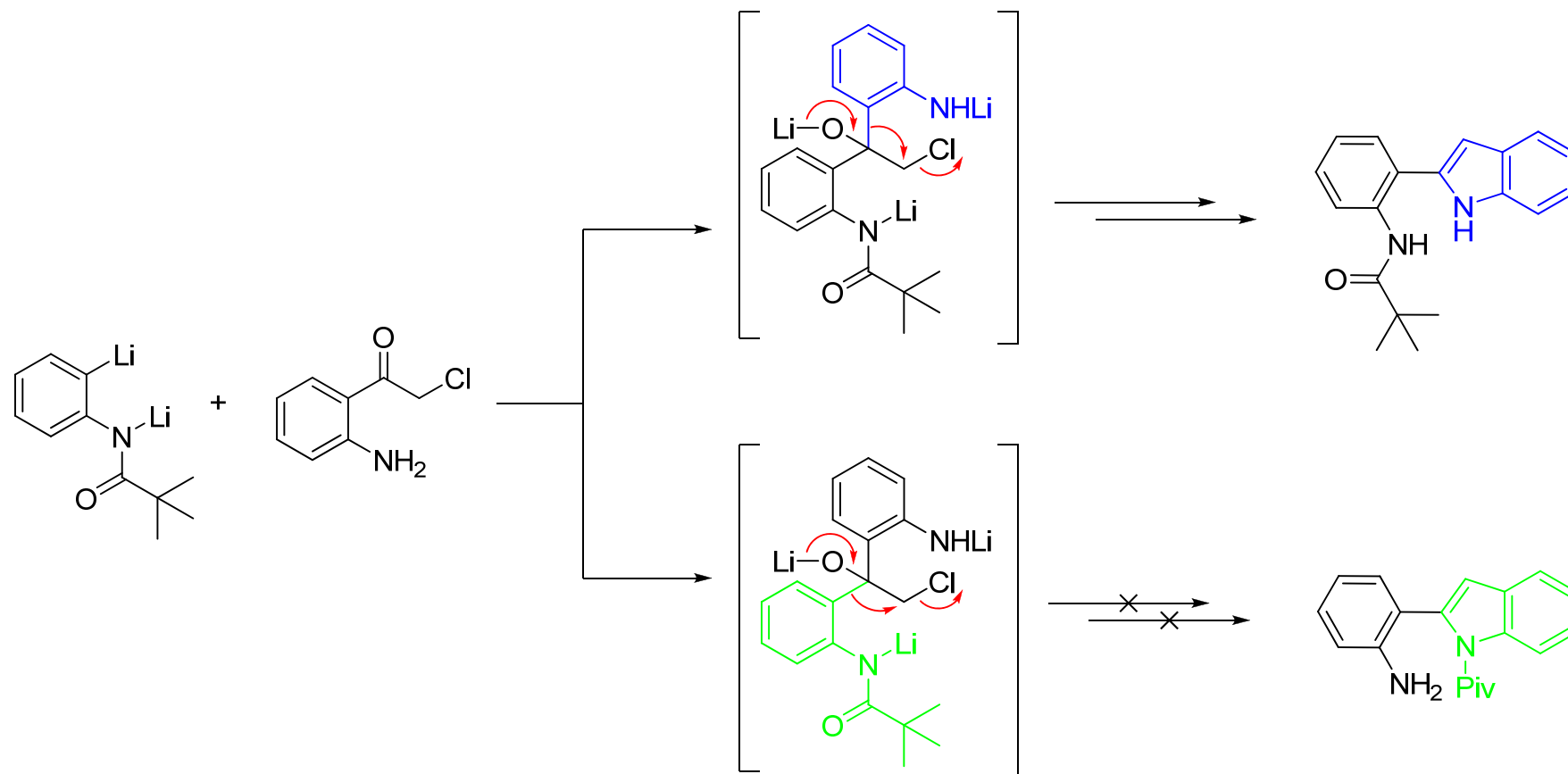
# Proposed Mechanism



# Proposed Mechanism



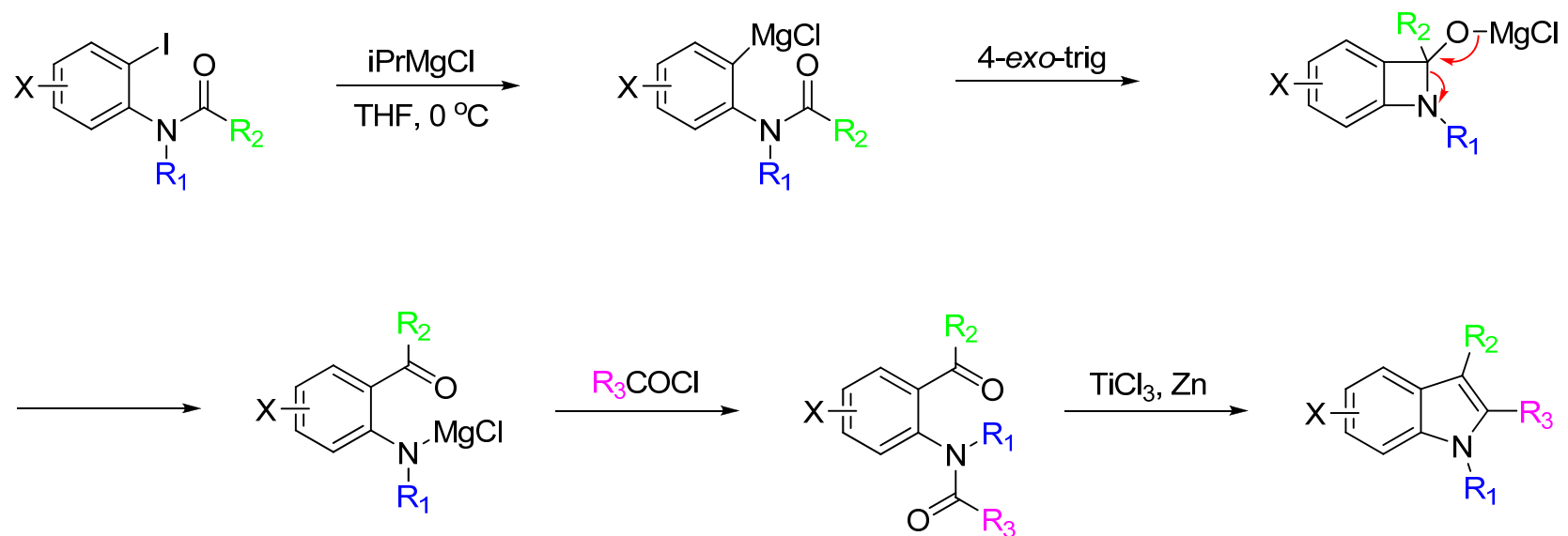
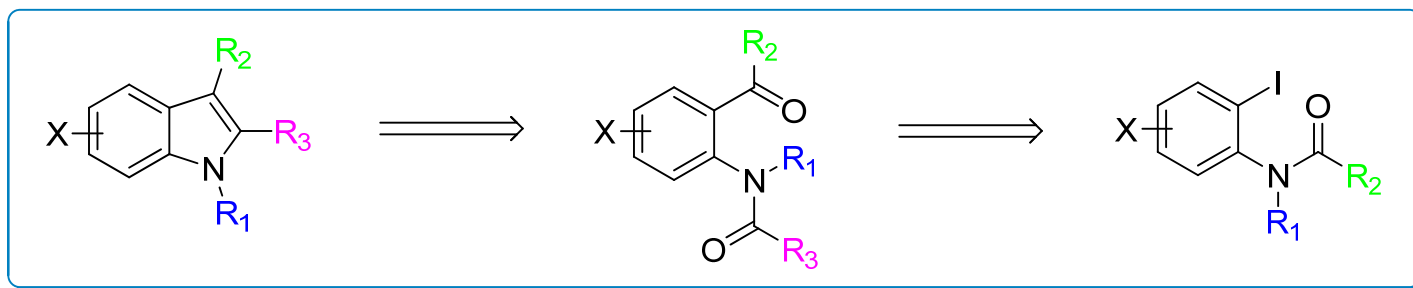
# Control Experiment



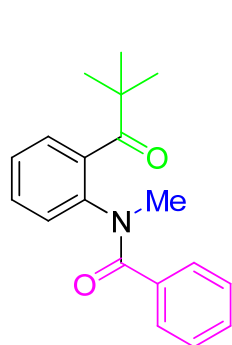
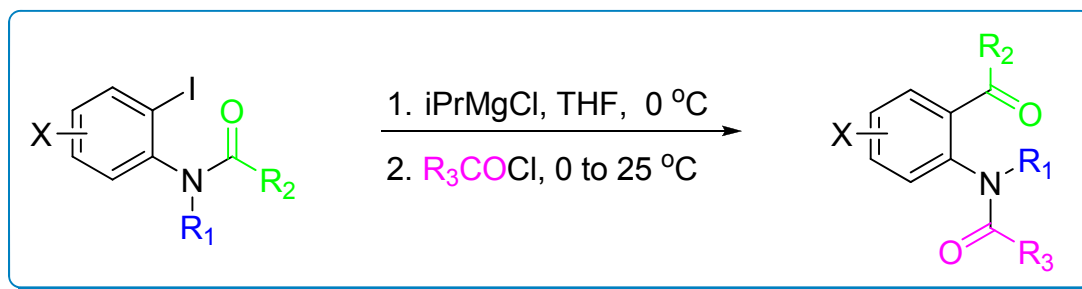
Wender, P. A. *Tetrahedron*, **1983**, 39, 3767.

Pei, T. *et al. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2008**, 47, 4231.

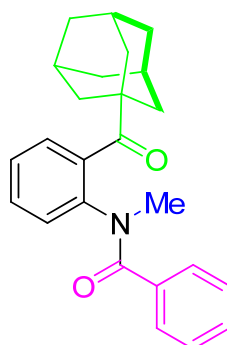
# Anionic N-Fries Rearrangement



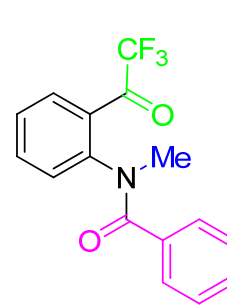
# Anionic N-Fries Rearrangement



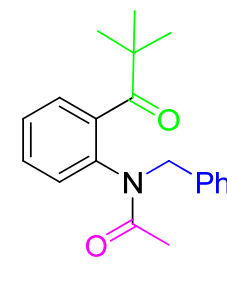
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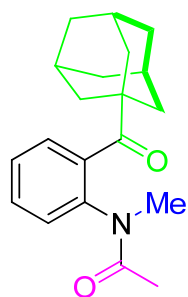
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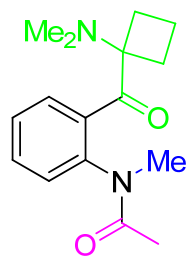
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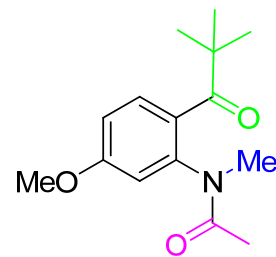
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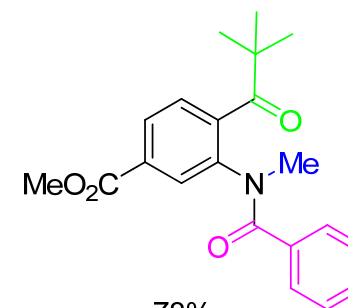
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63%



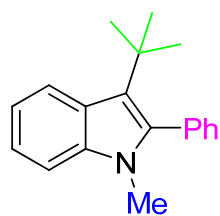
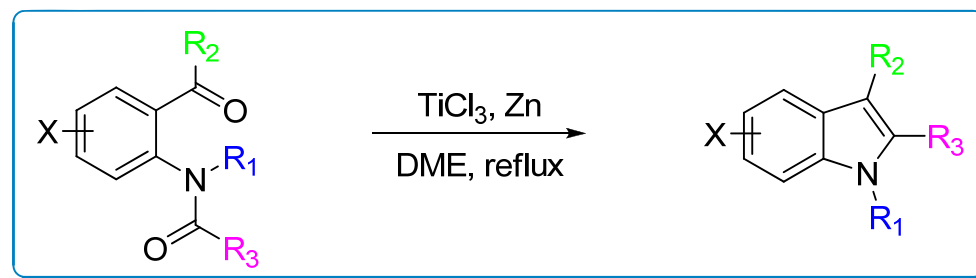
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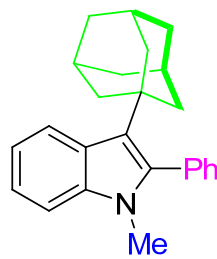
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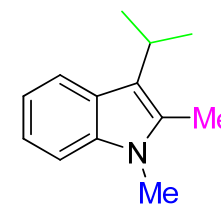
# McMurry Cyclization



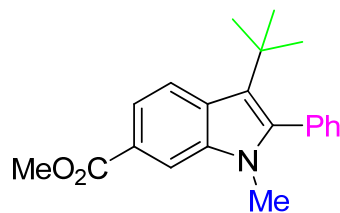
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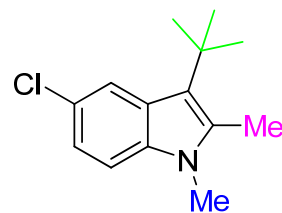
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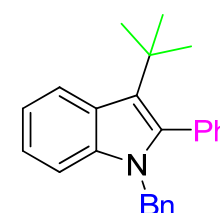
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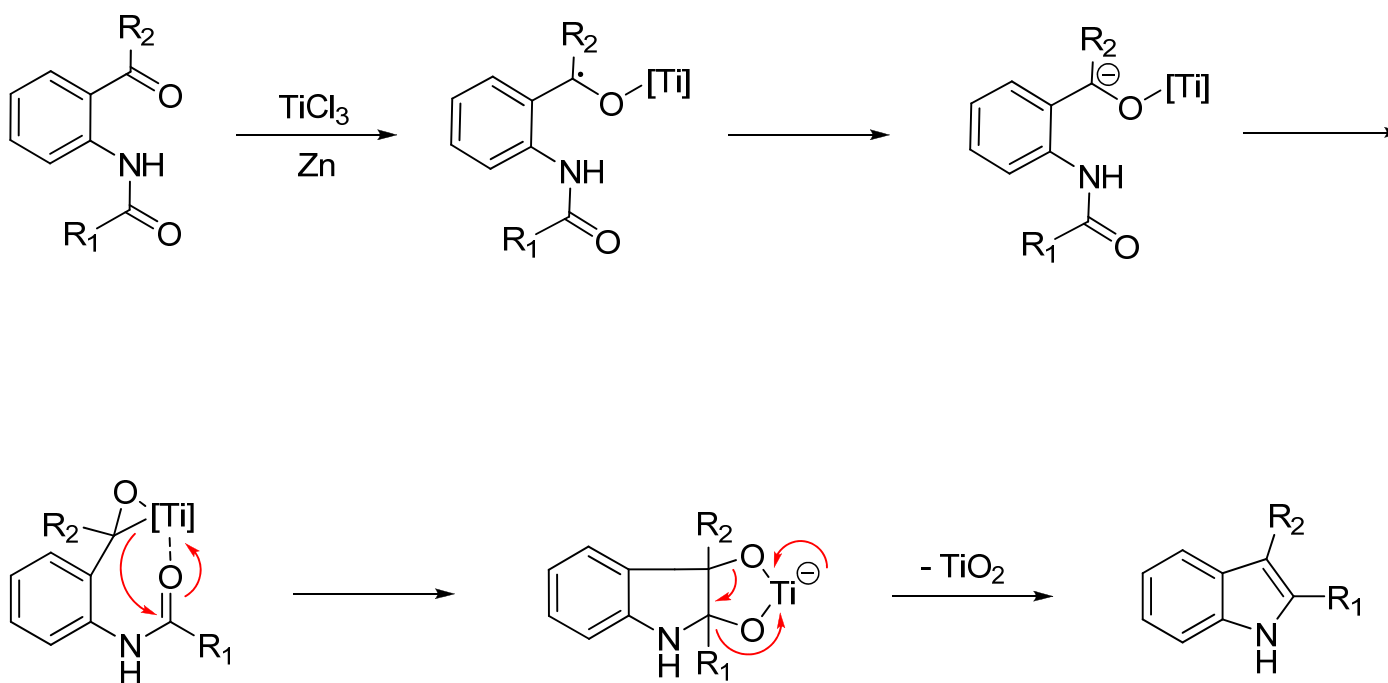


77%



68%

# McMurry Reaction Mechanism



# Contents

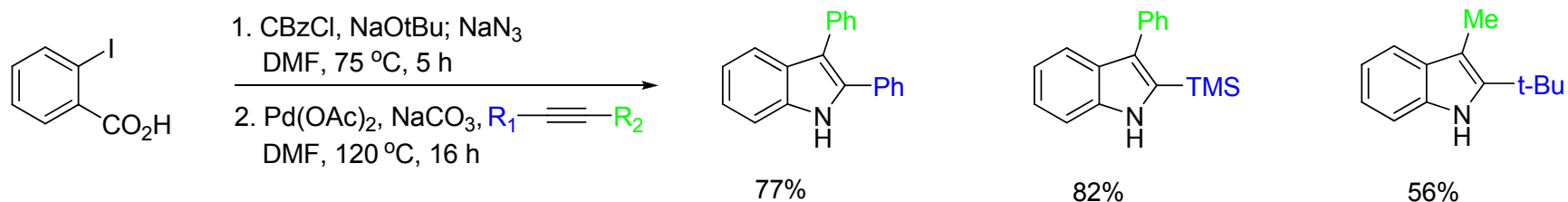
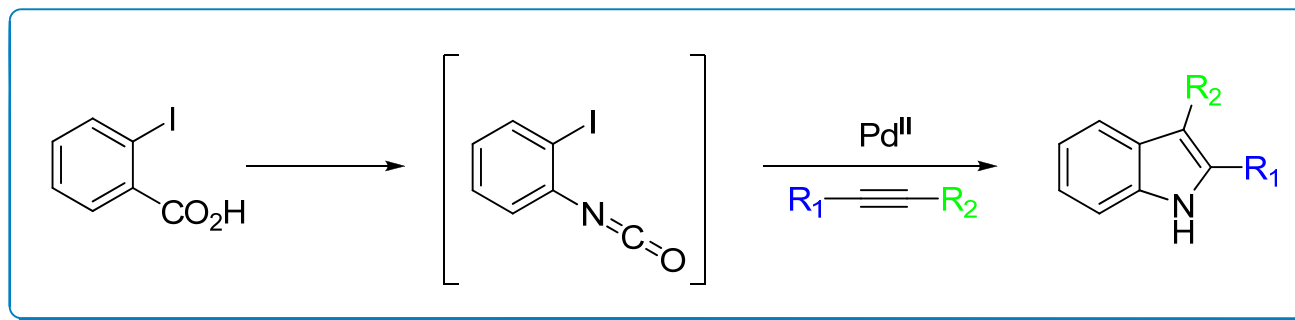
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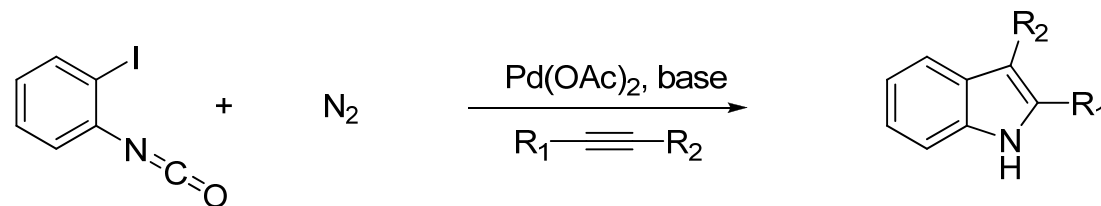
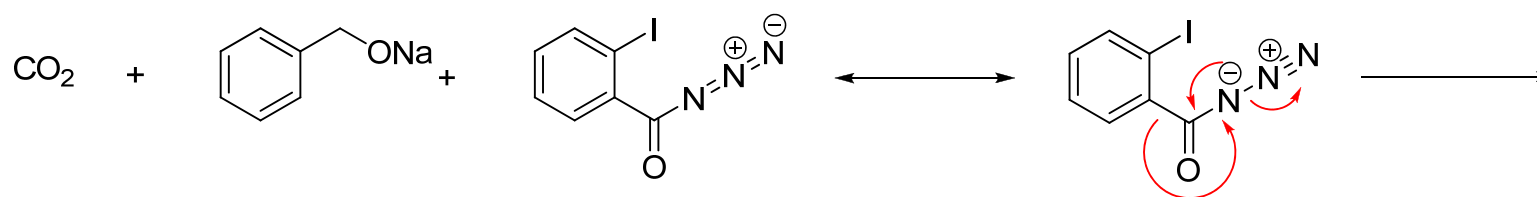
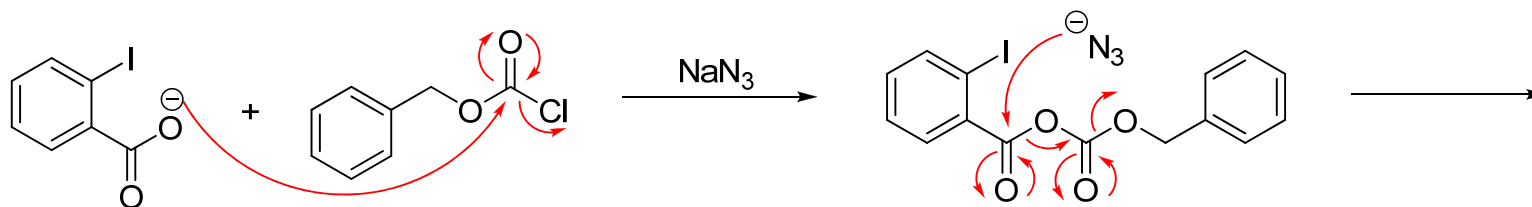
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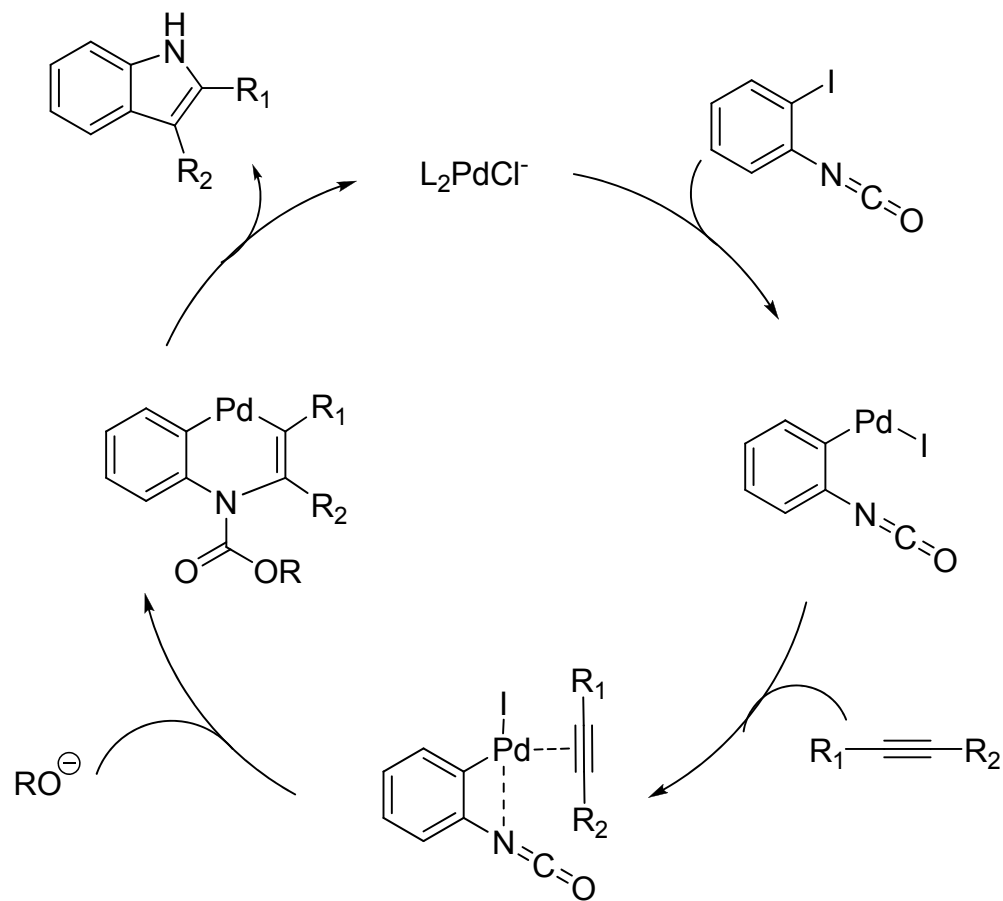
# One-pot Curtius Rearrangement/Pd-Cat. Indolization



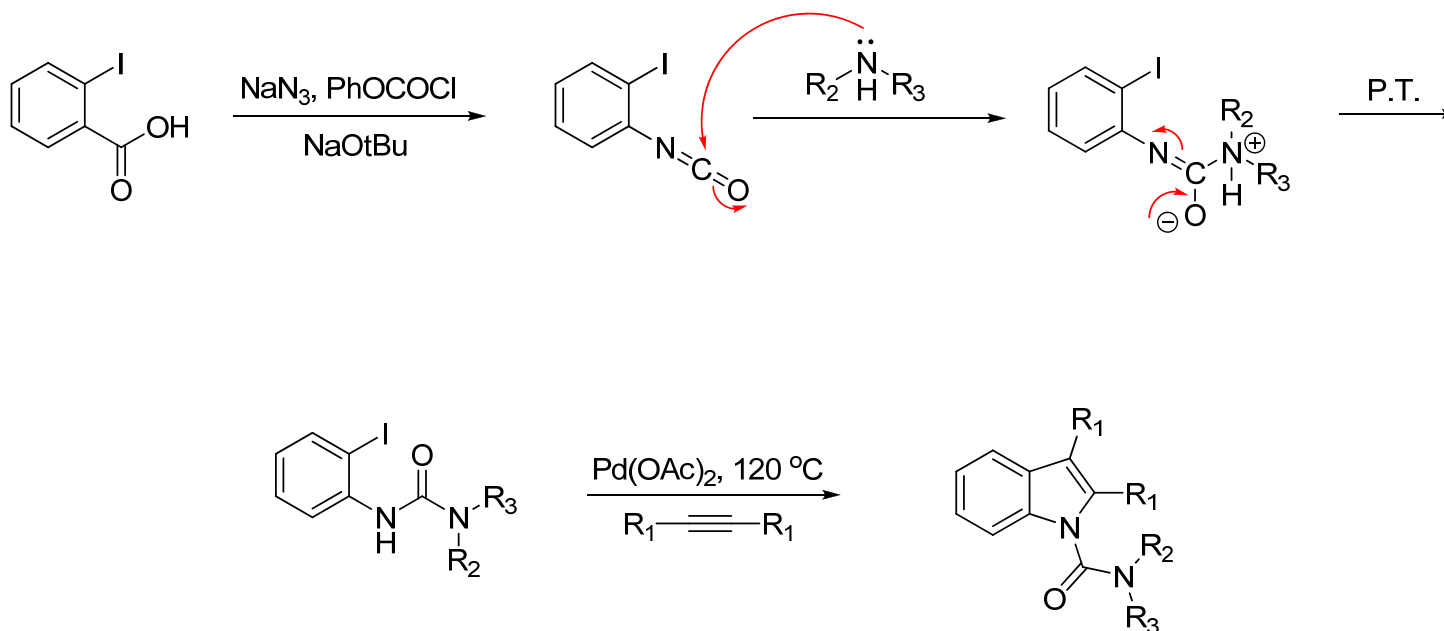
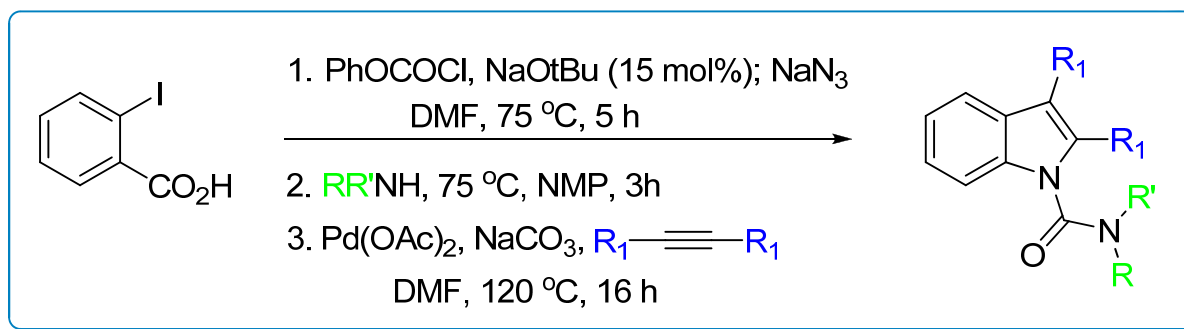
# Curtius Rearrangement Mechanism



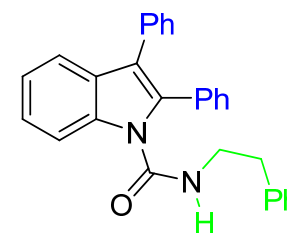
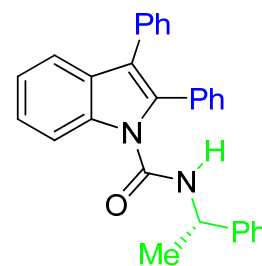
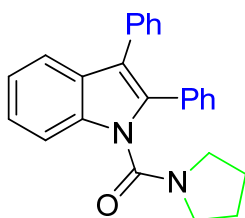
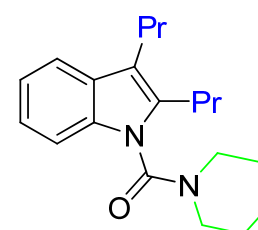
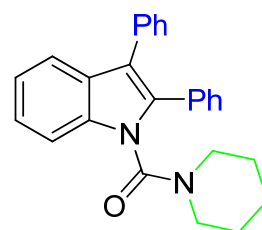
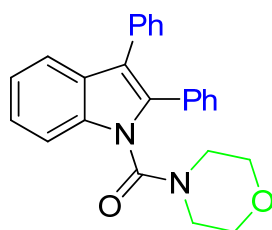
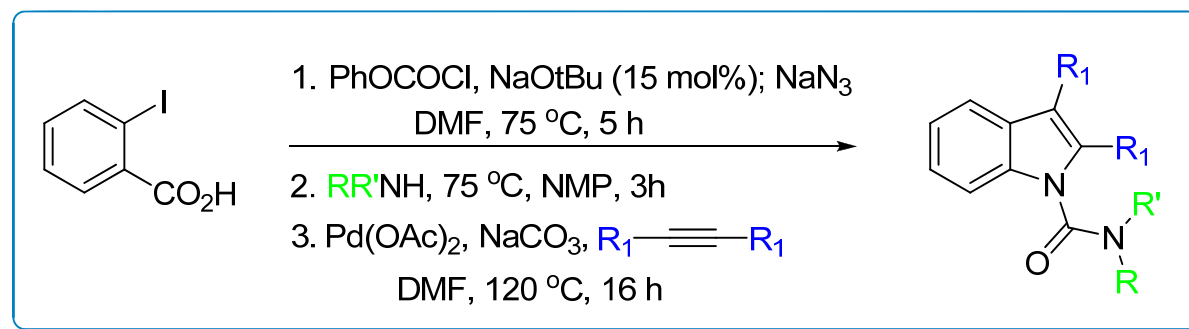
# Pd-Catalyzed Indolization



# Indole N-carboxamide Derivatives

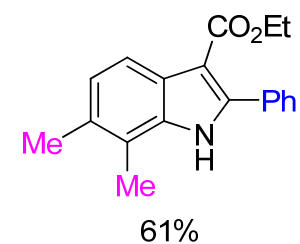
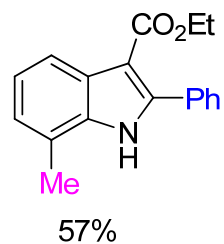
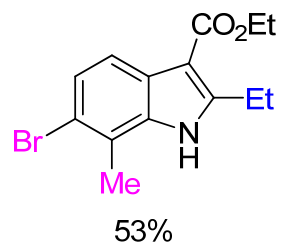
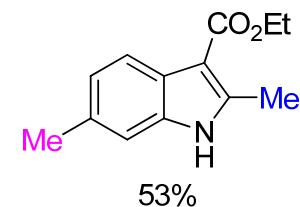
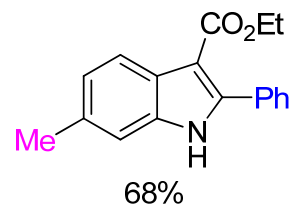
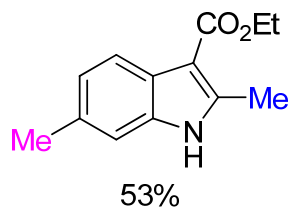
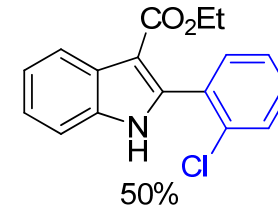
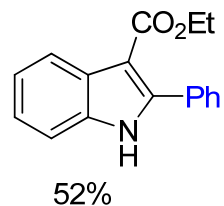
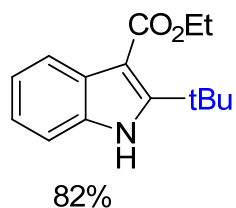
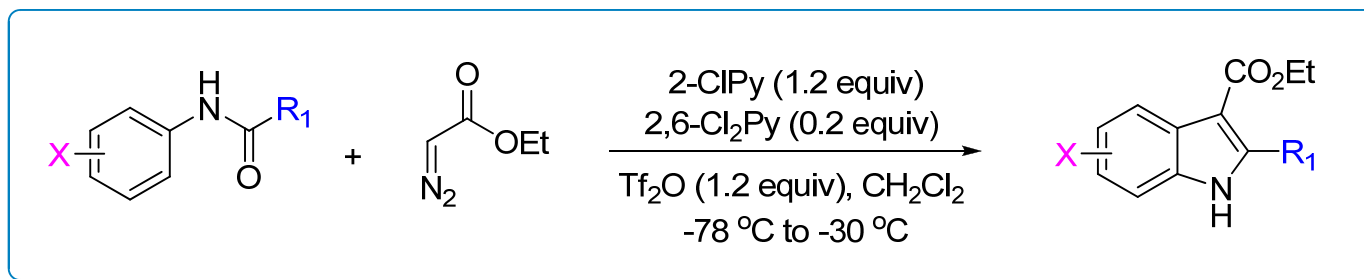


# Indole N-carboxamide Derivatives

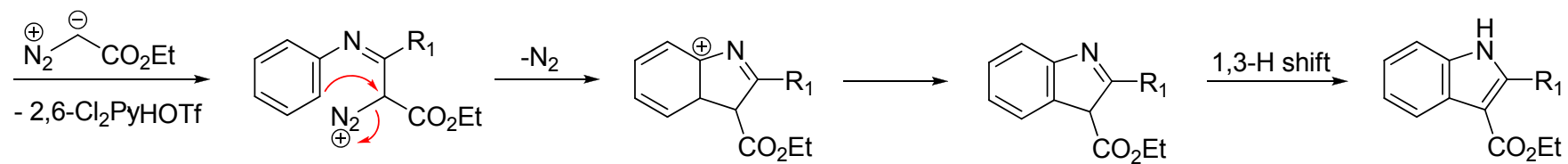
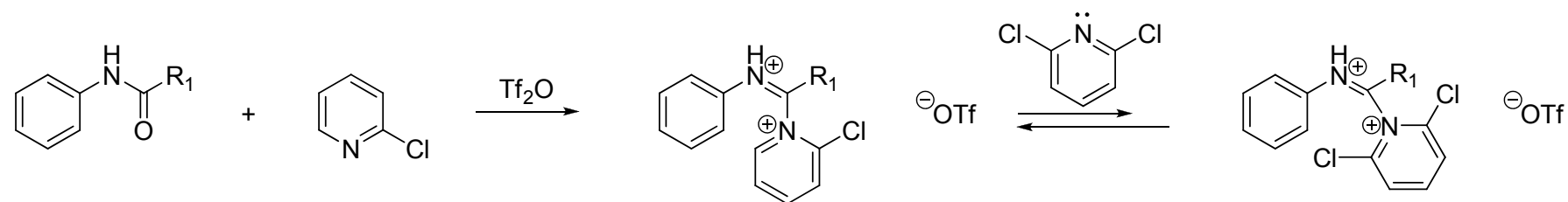




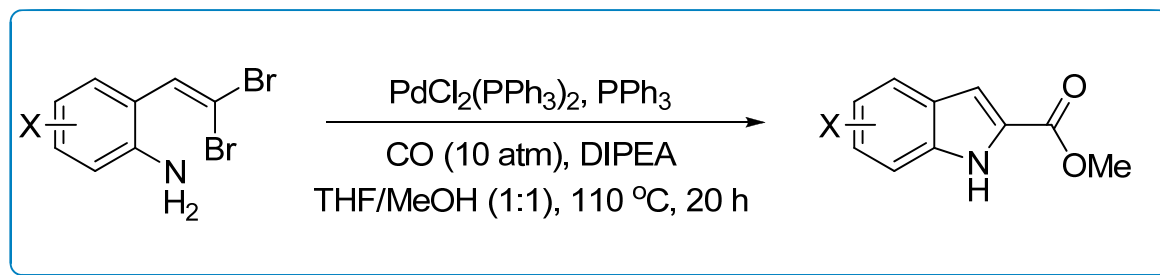
# N-Aryl Amides and Ethyl Diazoacetate



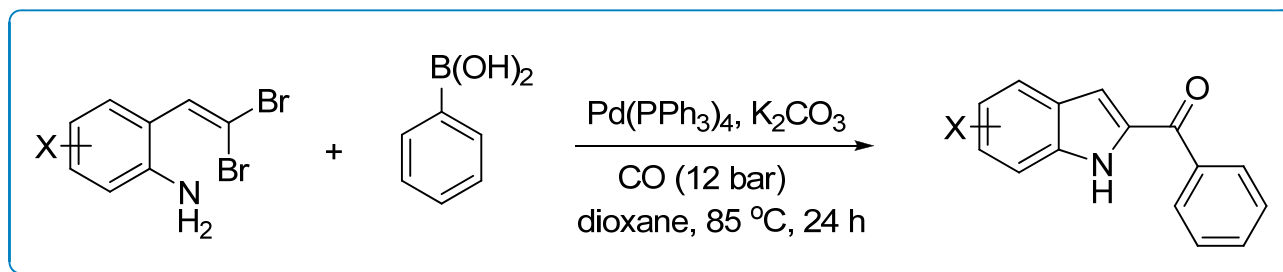
# Mechanism



# Tandem C–N/Carbonylation/Suzuki

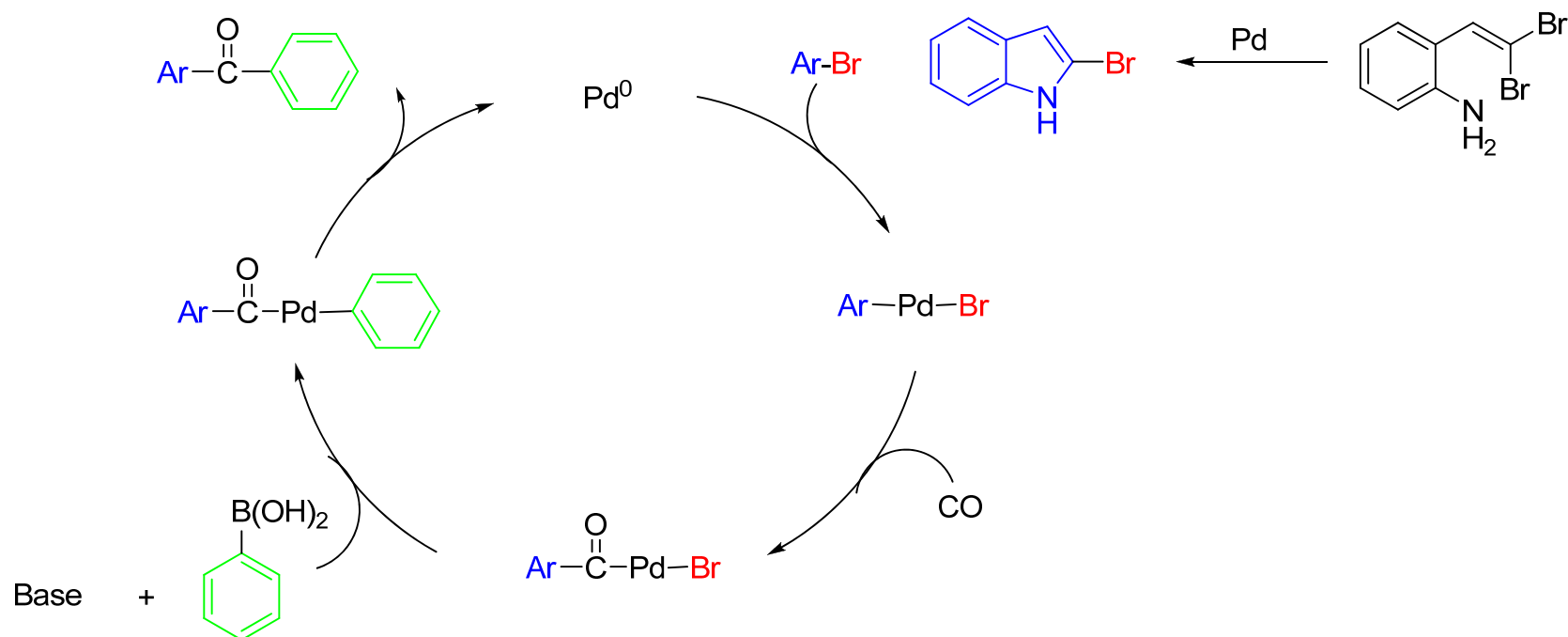
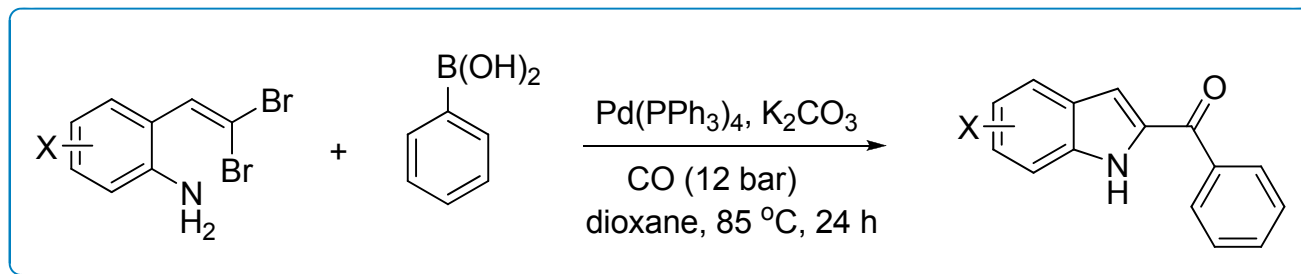


Alper, H. *Org. Lett.* **2008**, *10*, 4899.

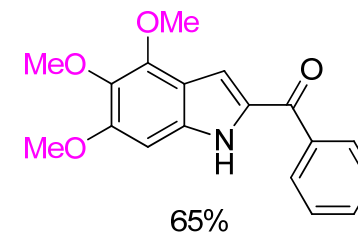
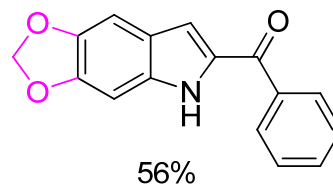
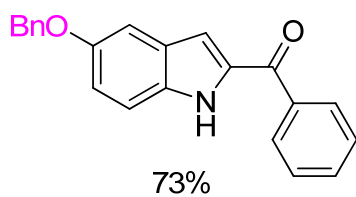
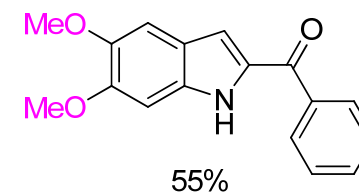
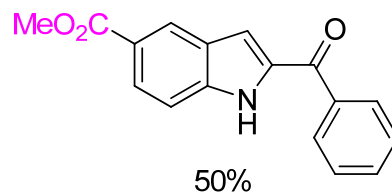
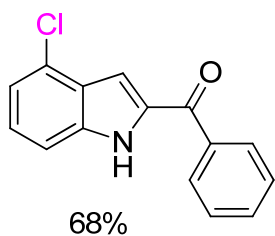
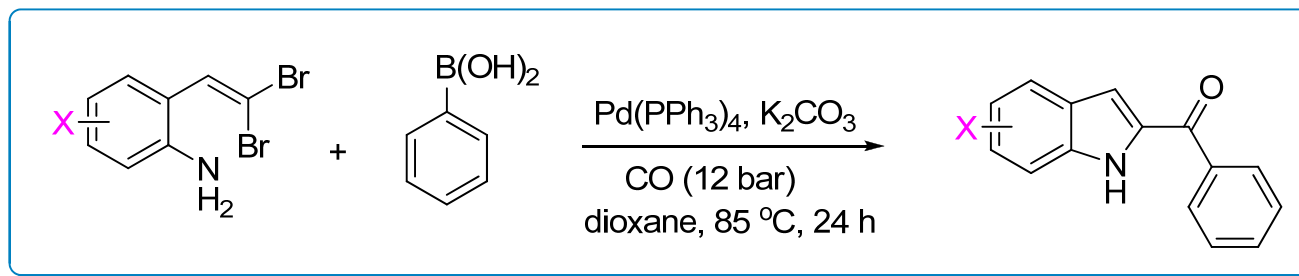


Florent, J. *Org. Lett.* **2009**, *11*, 4608.

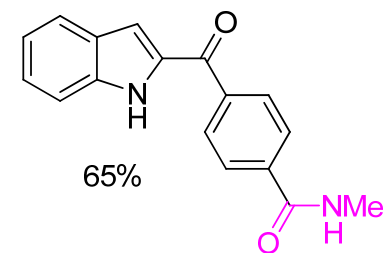
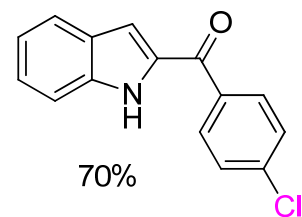
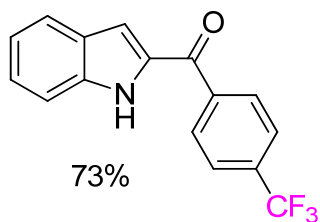
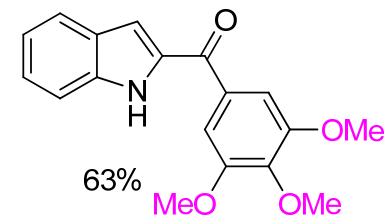
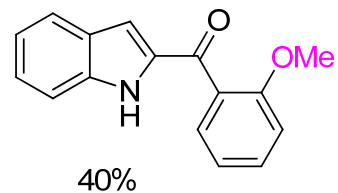
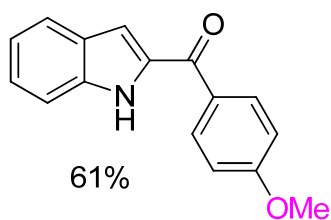
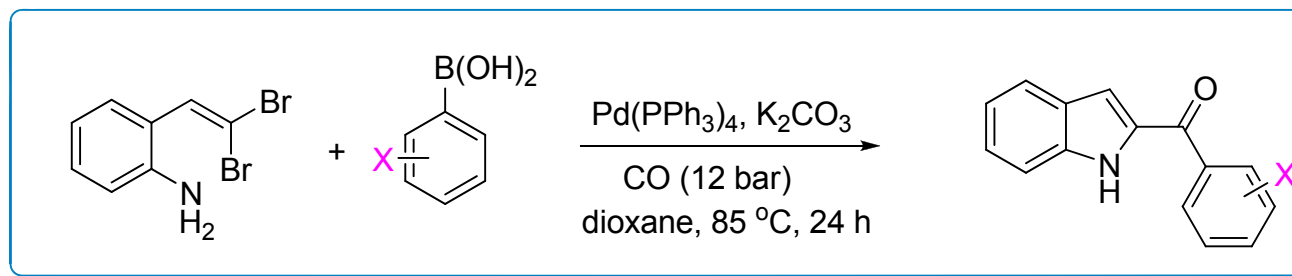
# Tandem C–N/Carbonylation/Suzuki



# Tandem C–N/Carbonylation/Suzuki



# Tandem C–N/Carbonylation/Suzuki



# Contents

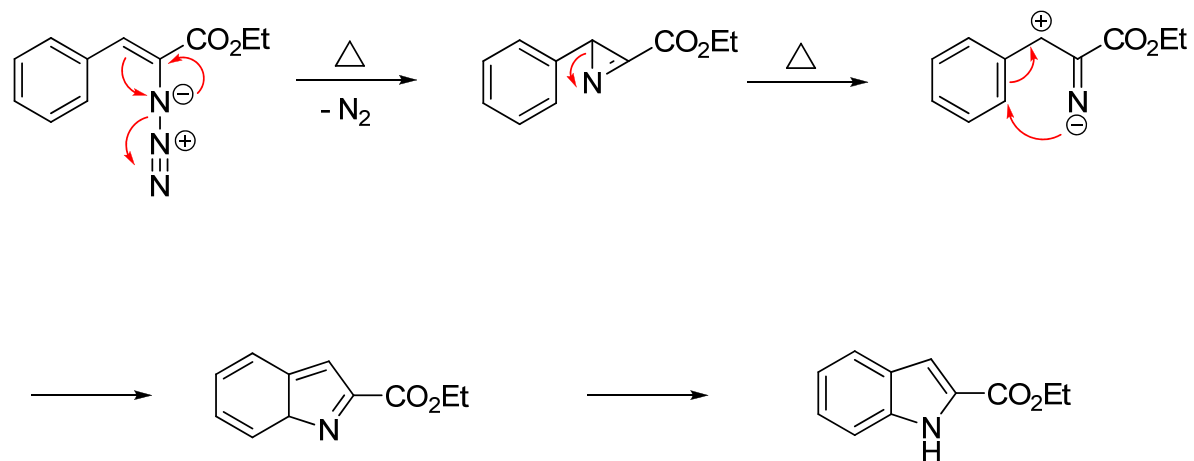
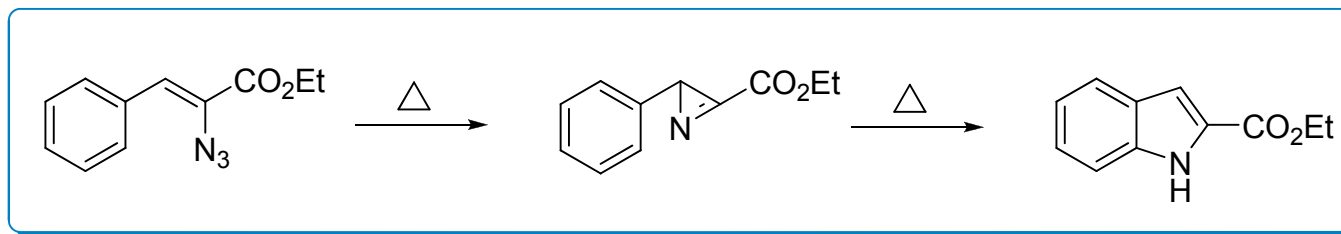
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- Introduction

*Synthesis of substituted indoles via:*

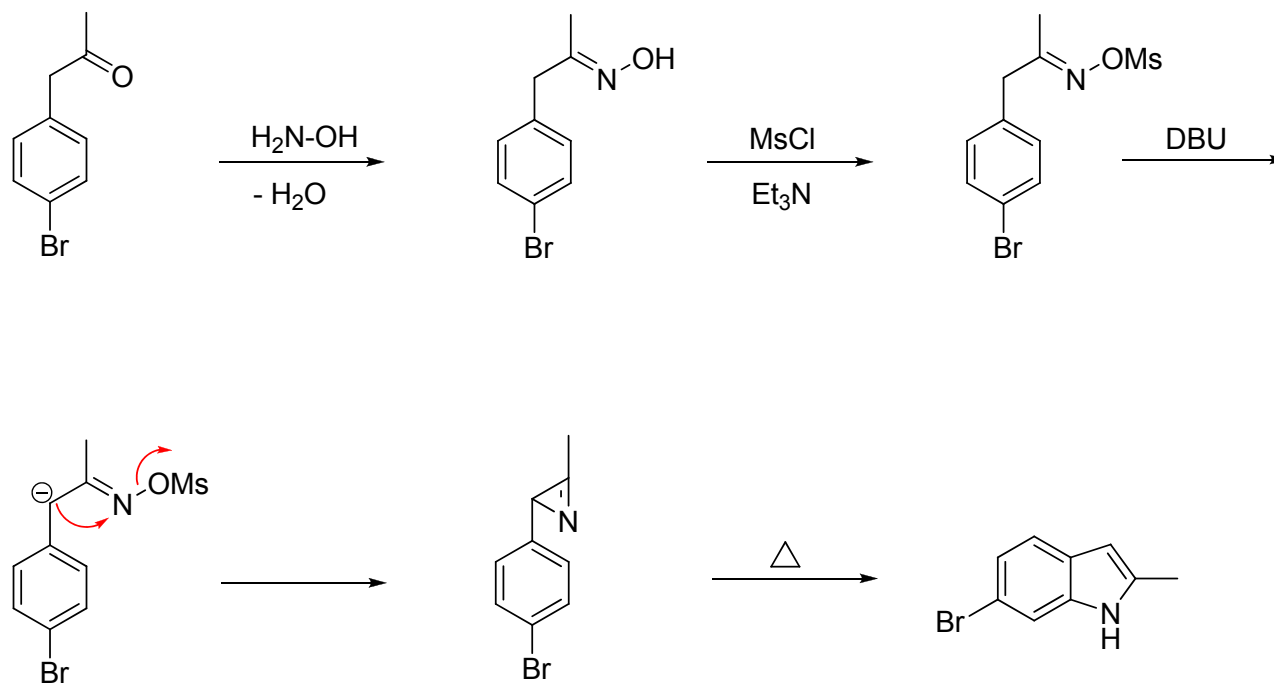
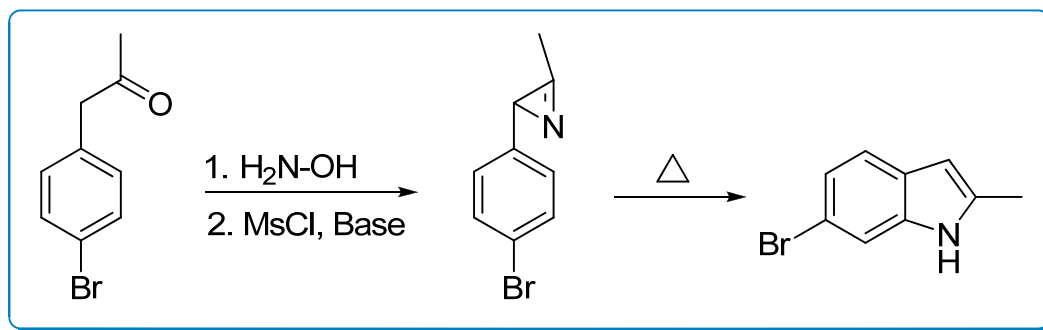
- Rearrangement Reactions
- Multi-component, One-Pot Syntheses
- C–H Amination of Azides
- Pd-Catalyzed C–H Functionalization
- Nb-Promoted C–F Functionalization
- Conclusion

# Azide Thermolysis

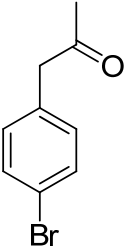
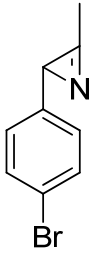
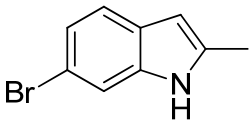
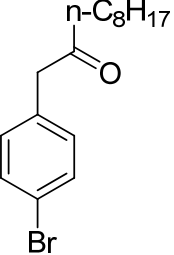
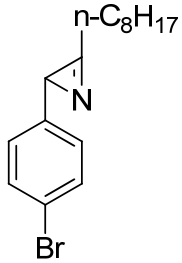
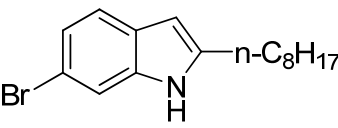
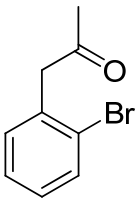
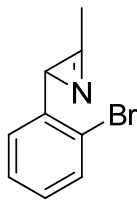
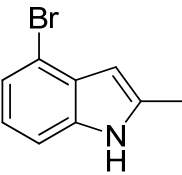




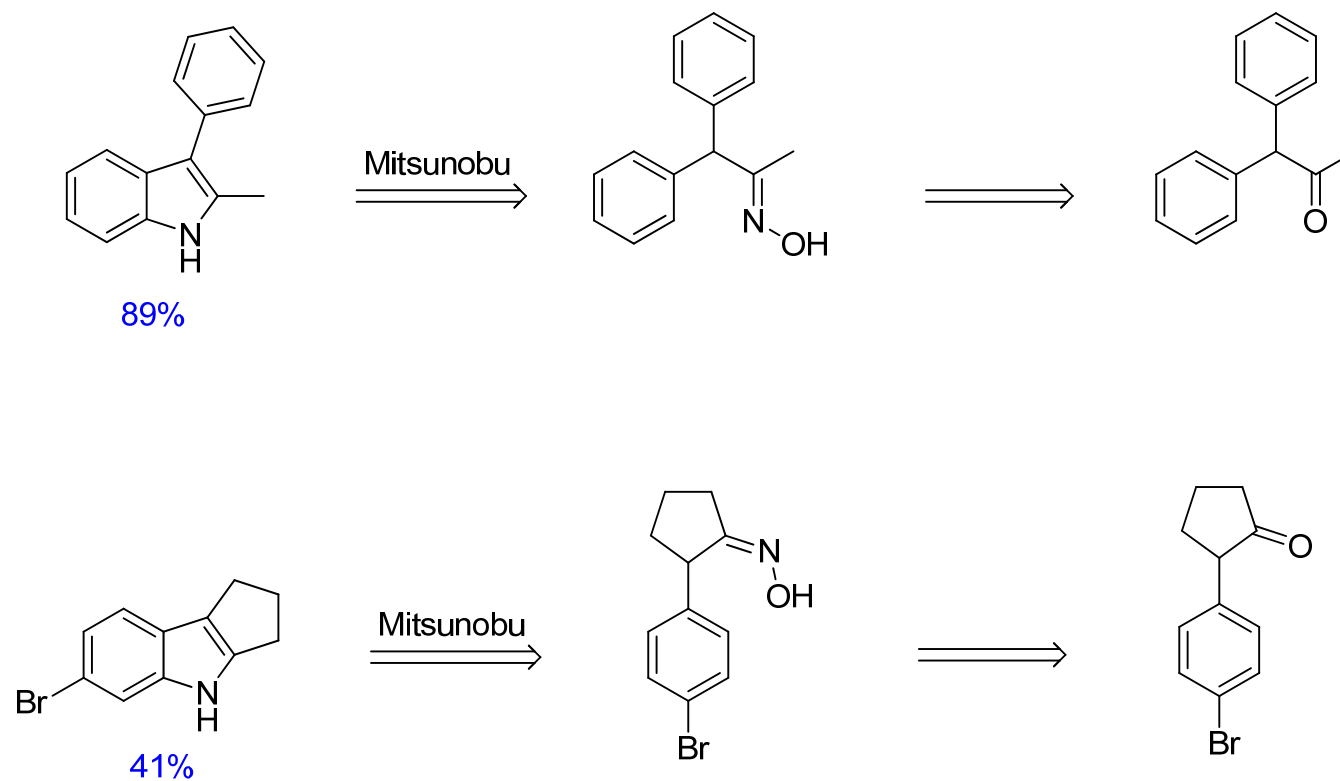
# The Neber Route



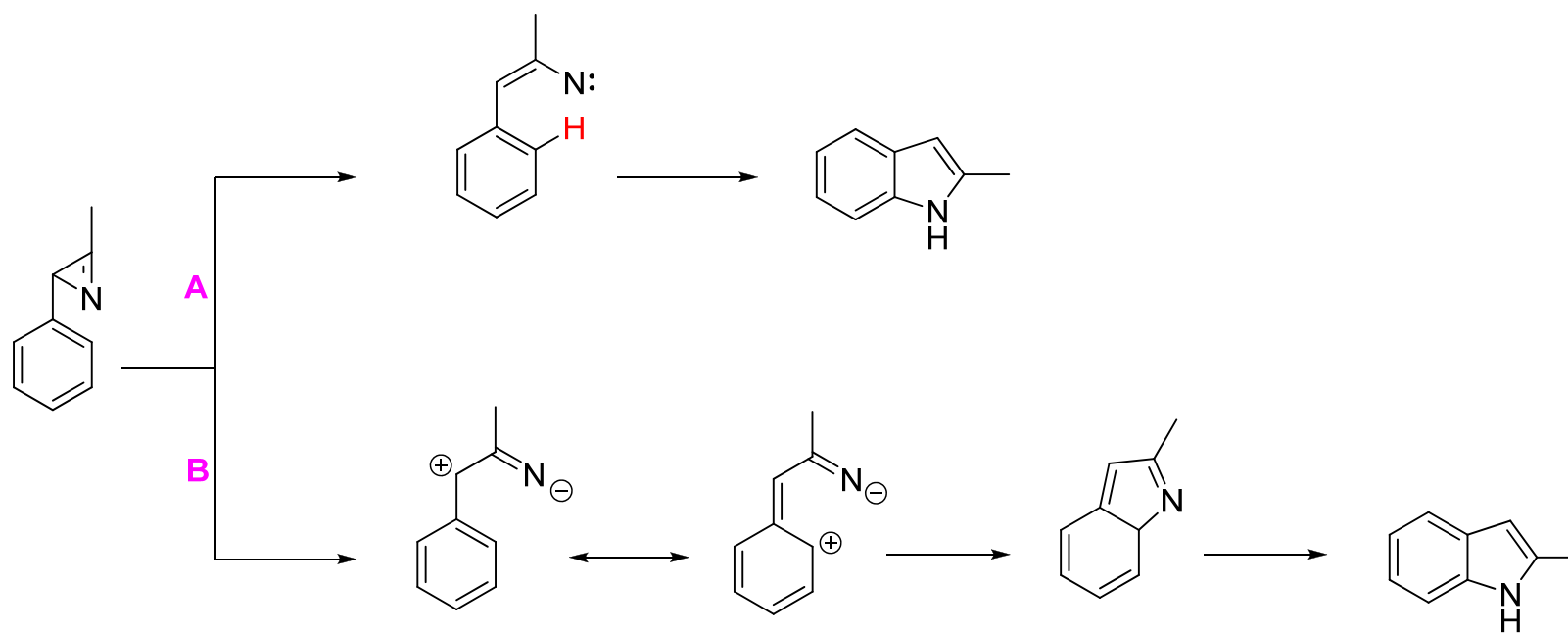
# The Neber Route

Entry	1	2	3	Temp (°C)	% Yield 3
1		 78%		170	88
2		 70%		170	86
3		 78%		170	84

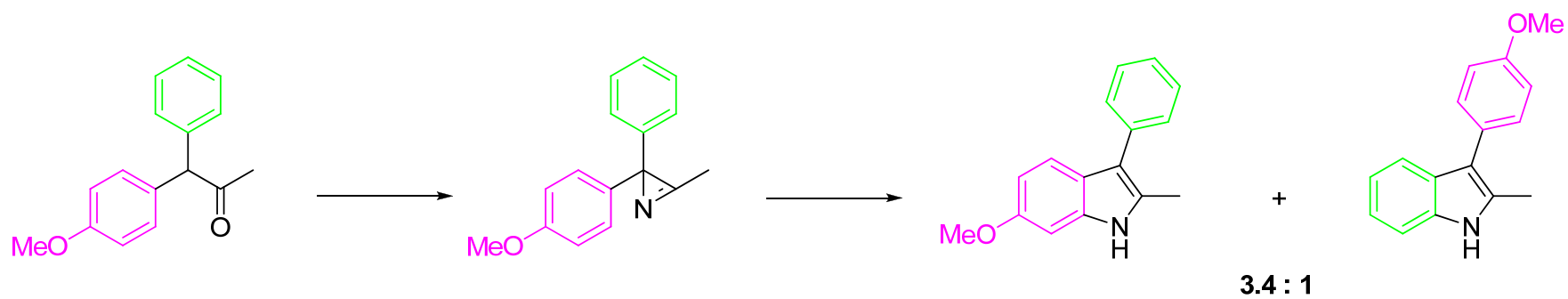
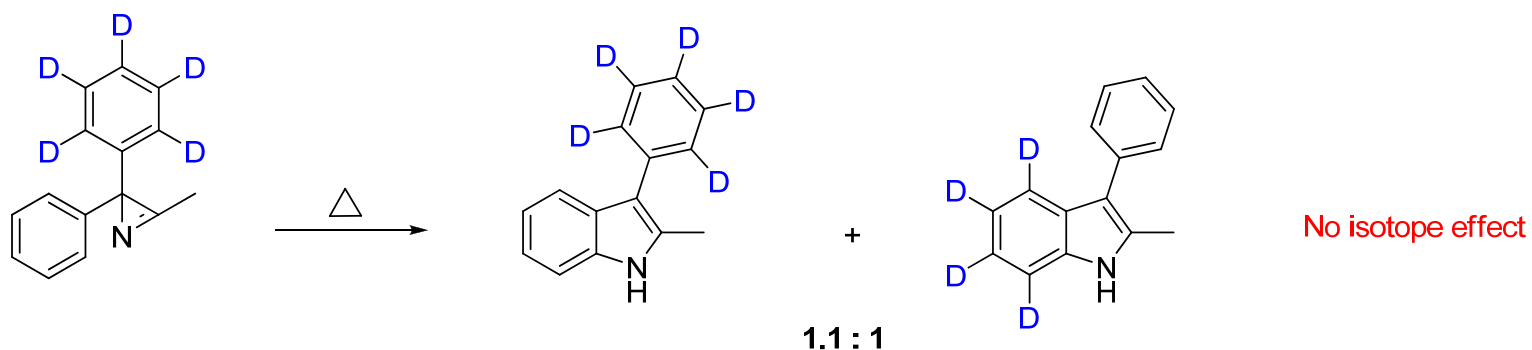
# The Neber Route



# Mechanistic Studies

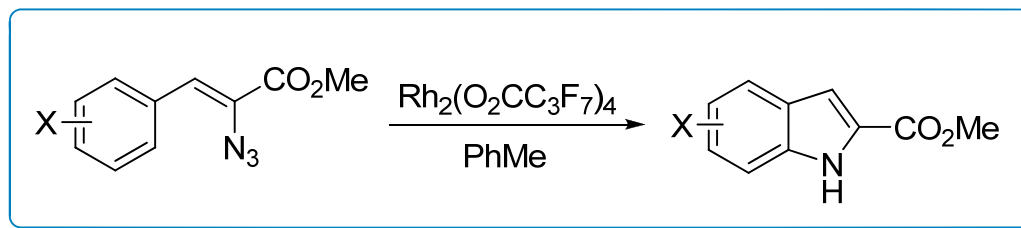


# Mechanistic Studies

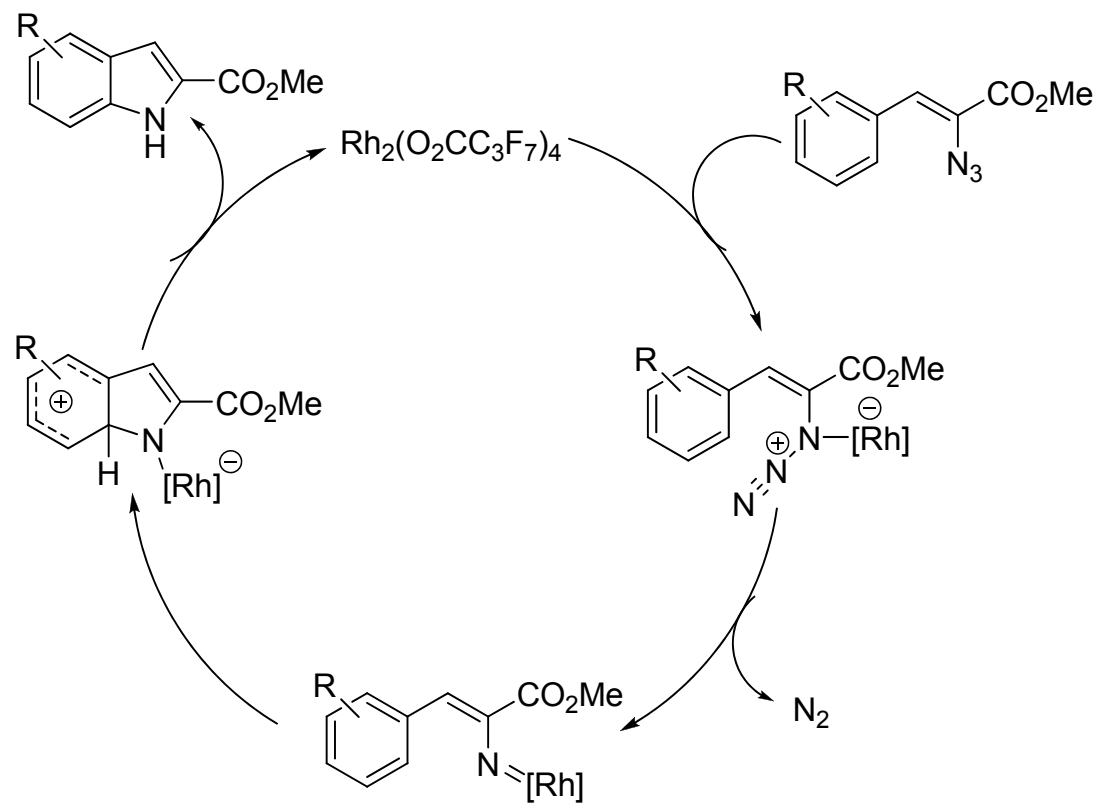
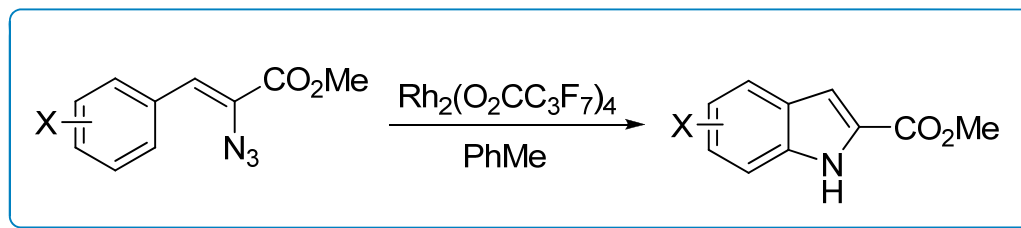


# C—H Amination of Vinyl Azides

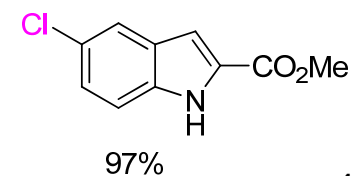
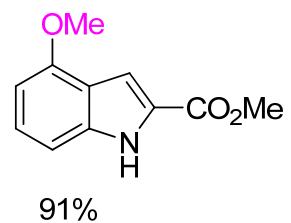
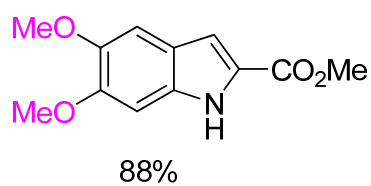
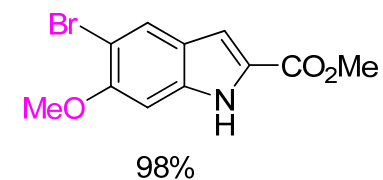
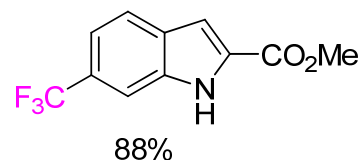
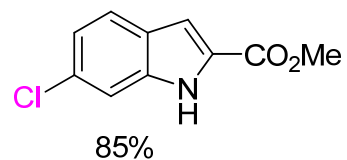
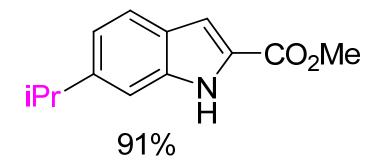
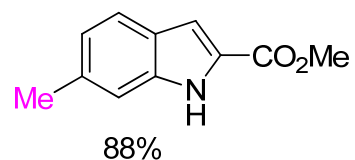
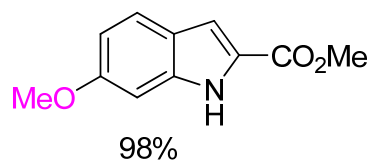
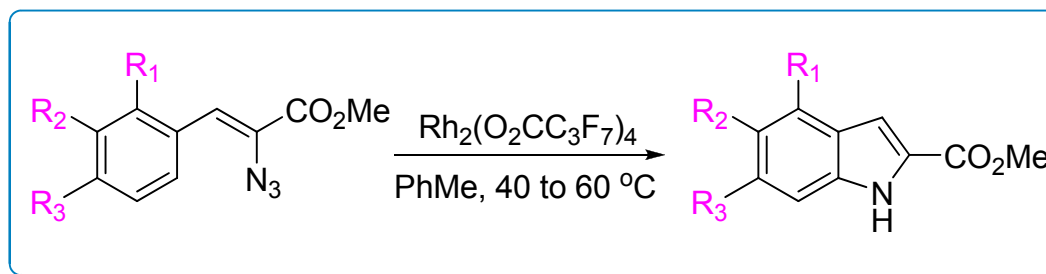
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# C–H Amination of Vinyl Azides

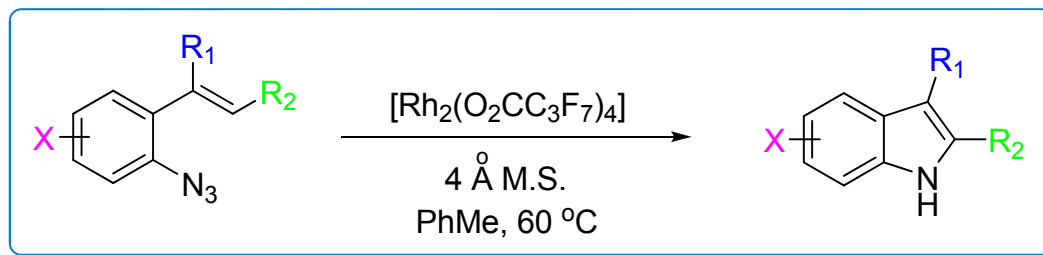


# C—H Amination of Vinyl Azides

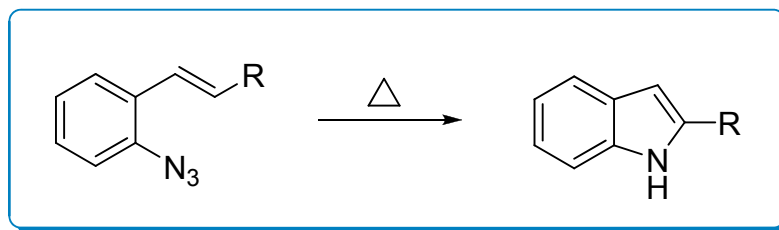




# C–H Amination of Aryl Azides

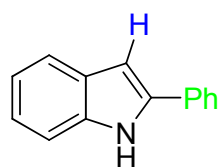
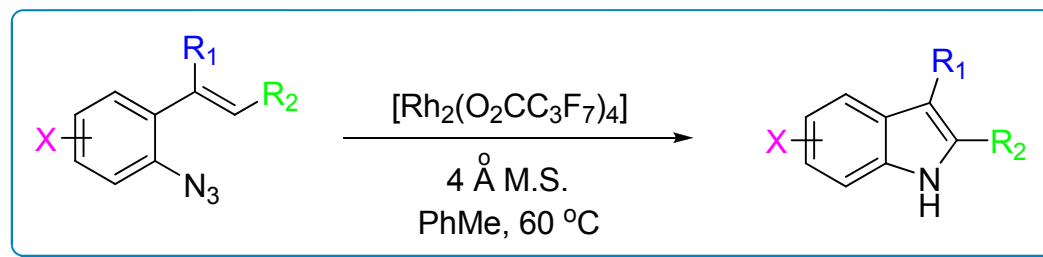


Driver, T. G. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2008**, 47, 5056.

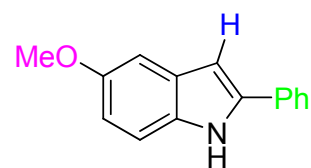


Sunberg, R. J. *J. Org. Chem.* **1972**, 37, 719.

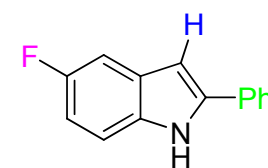
# C–H Amination of Aryl Azides



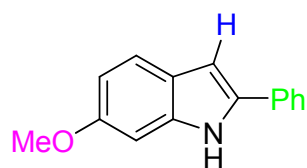
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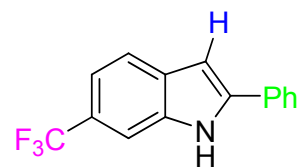
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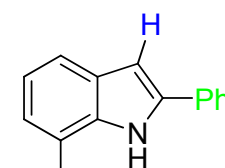
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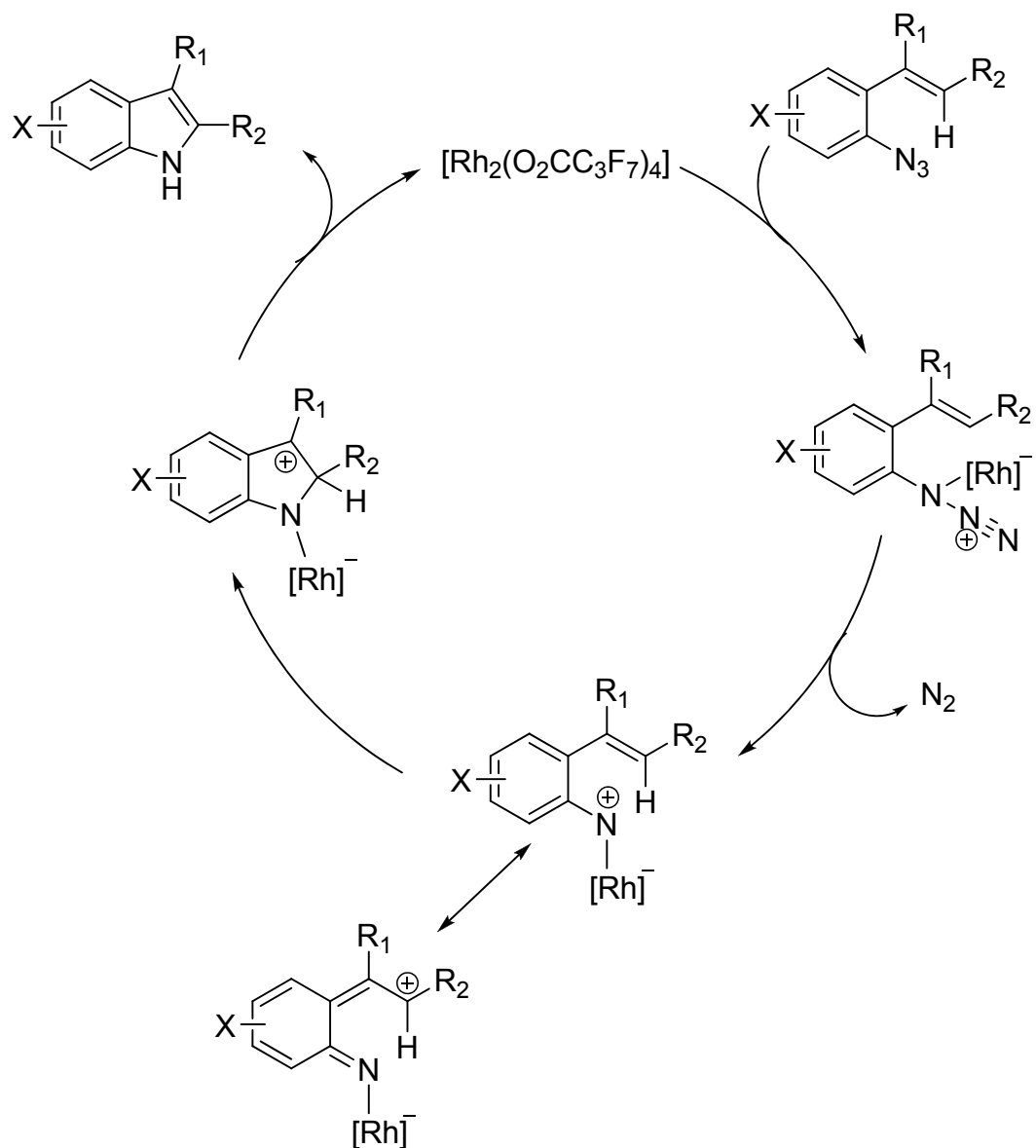


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# C–H Amination of Aryl Azides



# Contents

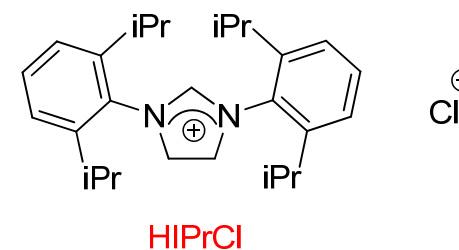
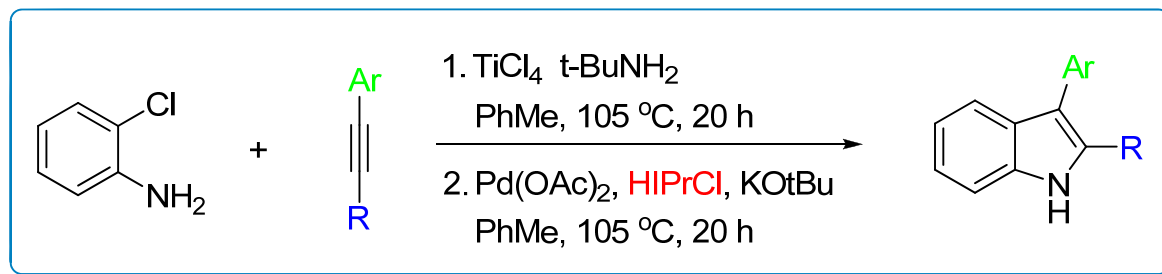
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- Introduction

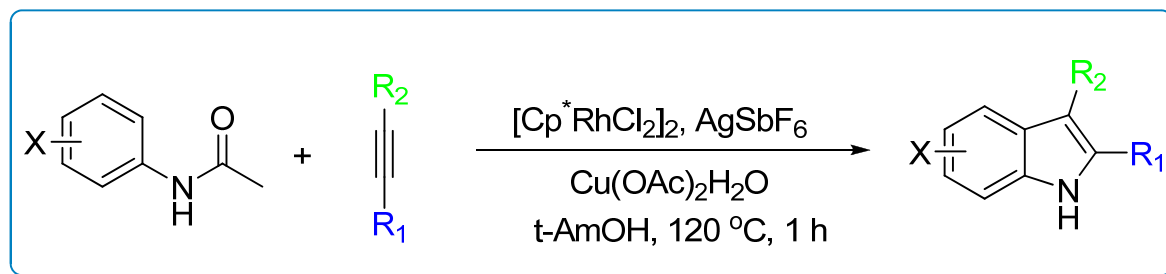
*Synthesis of substituted indoles via:*

- Rearrangement Reactions
- Multi-component, One-Pot Syntheses
- C–H Amination of Azides
- Pd-Catalyzed C–H Functionalization
- Nb-Promoted C–F Functionalization
- Conclusion

# Intermolecular Cyclizations with Alkynes

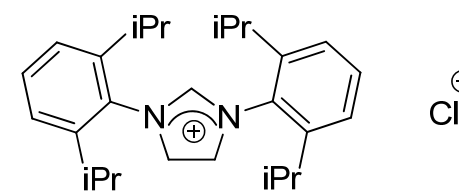
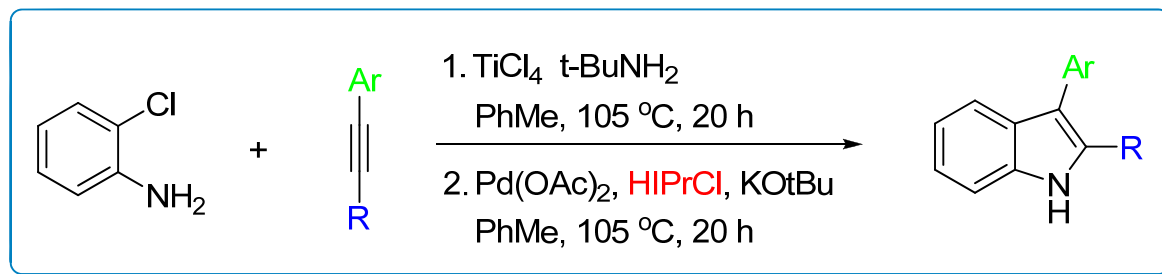


Ackerman, L. *Tetrahedron* **2008**, 64, 769.



Fagnou, K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, 130, 16474.

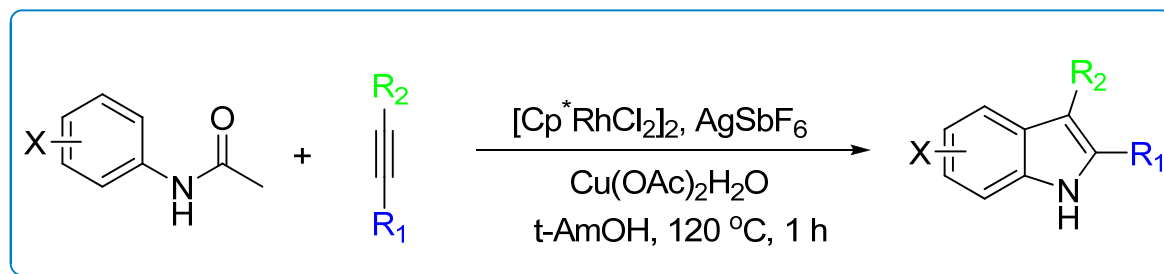
# Intermolecular Cyclizations with Alkynes



**HIPrCl**

**Ortho-halogenated anilines required**

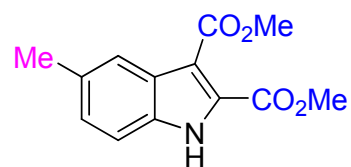
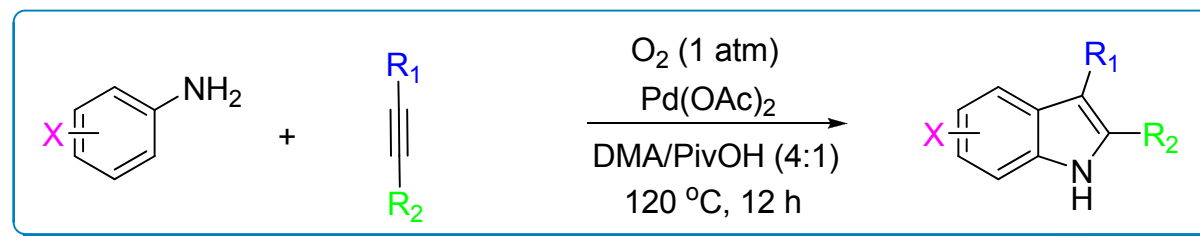
Ackerman, L. *Tetrahedron* **2008**, 64, 769.



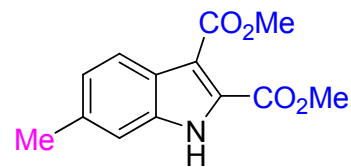
**Directing group (OAc) required**

Fagnou, K. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, 130, 16474.

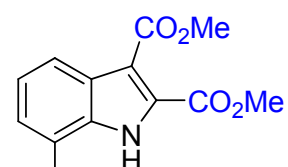
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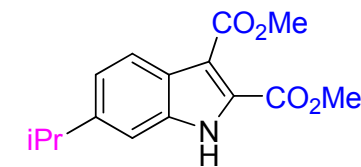
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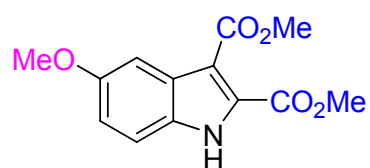
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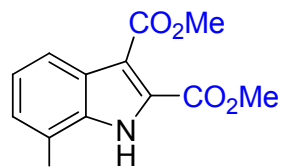
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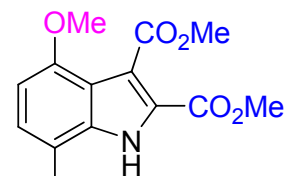
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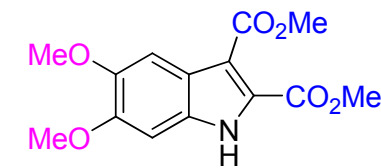
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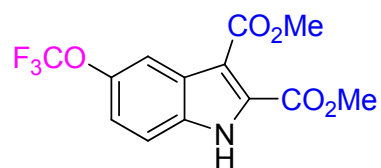
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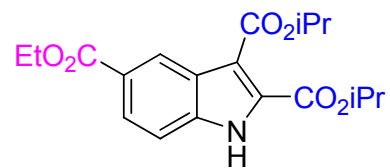
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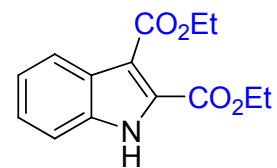
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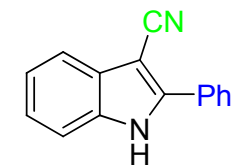
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60%



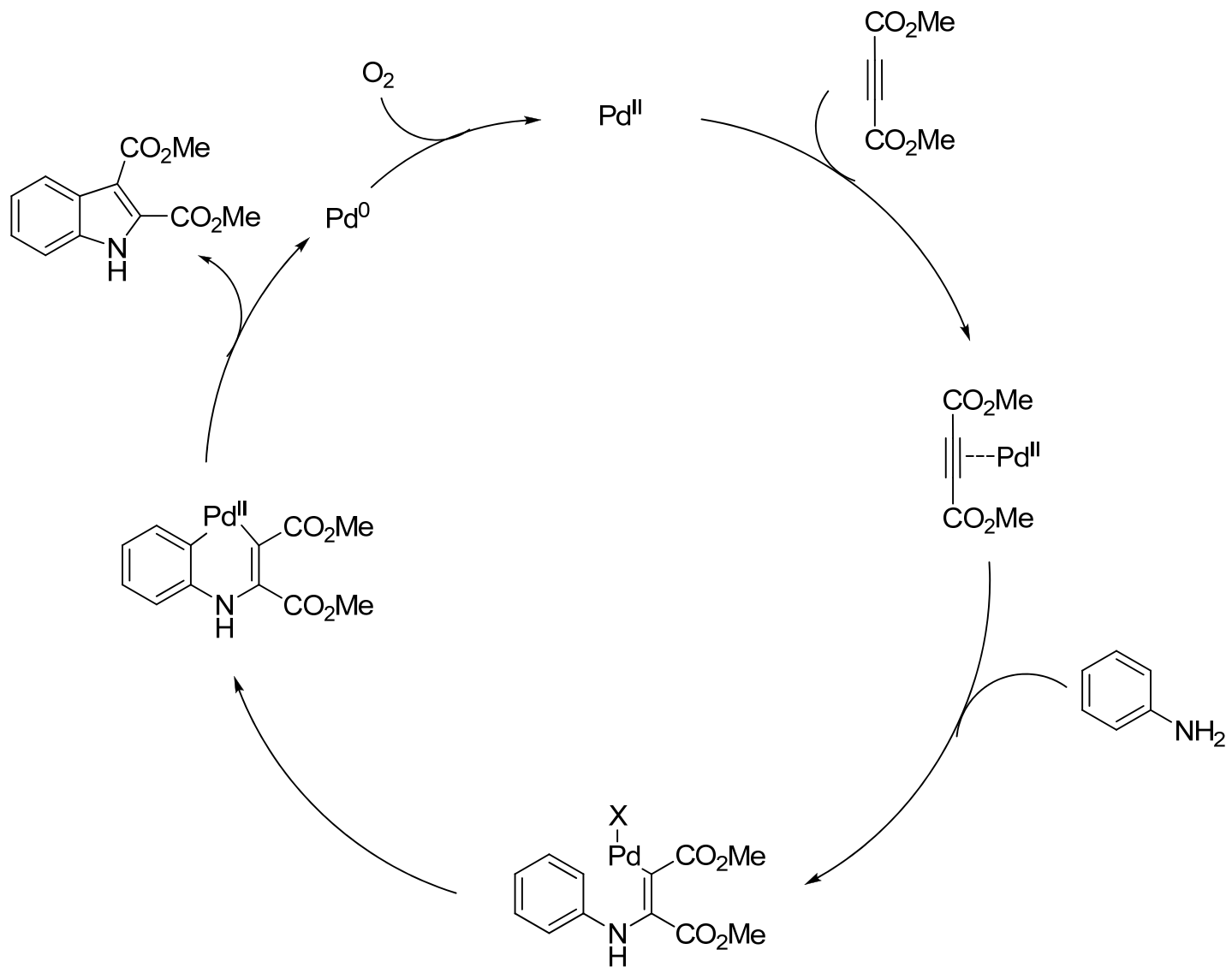
75%



20%

55

# Proposed Mechanistic Cycle





# Contents

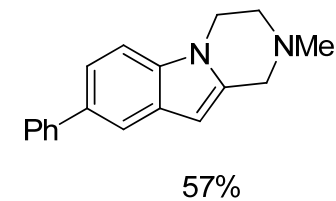
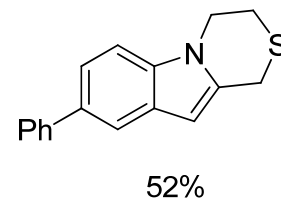
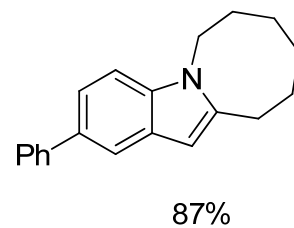
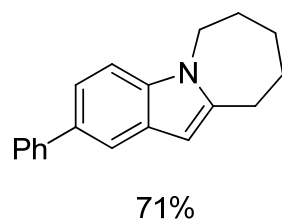
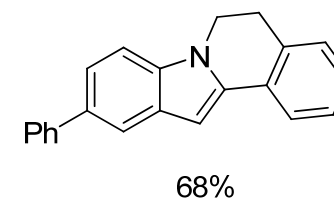
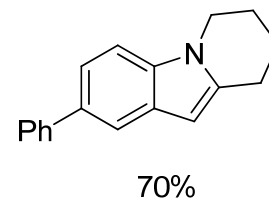
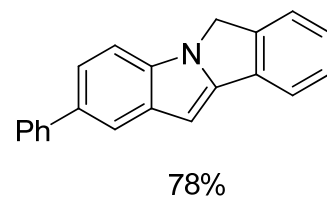
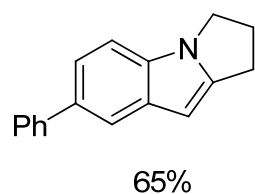
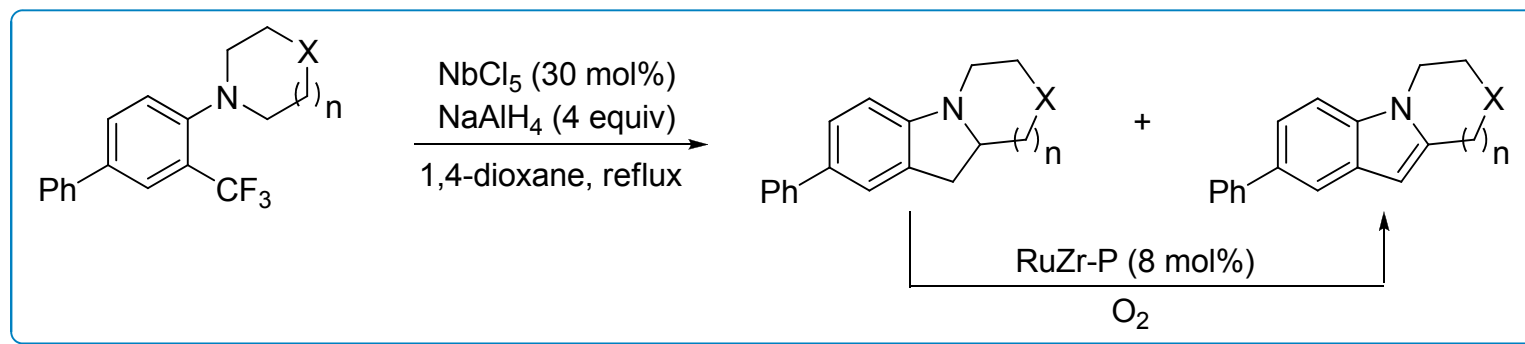
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- Introduction

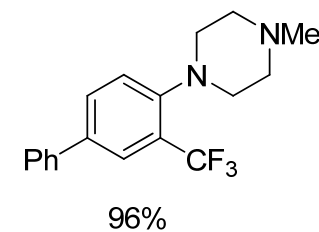
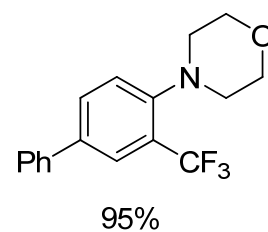
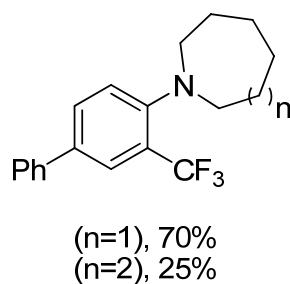
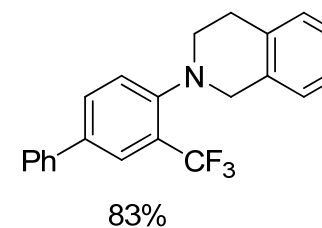
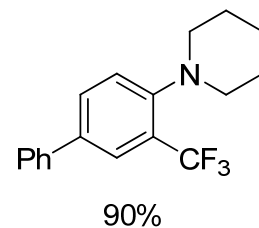
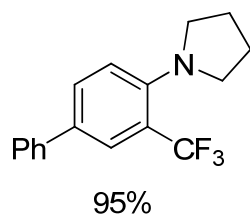
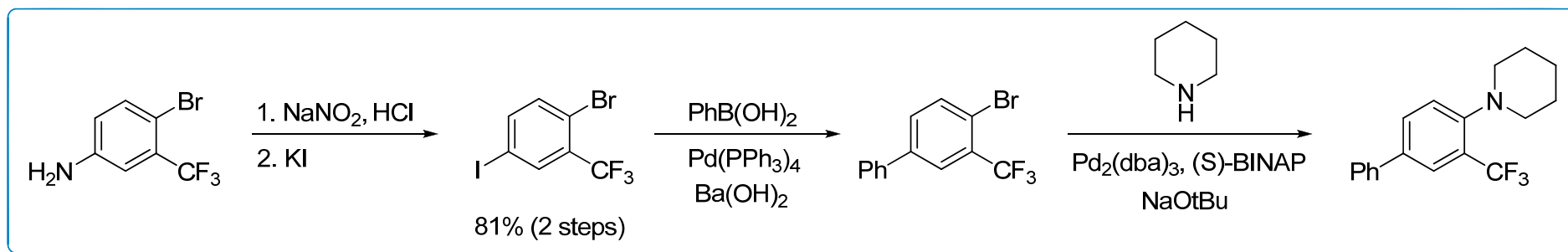
*Synthesis of substituted indoles via:*

- Rearrangement Reactions
- Multi-component, One-Pot Syntheses
- C–H Amination of Azides
- Pd-Catalyzed C–H Functionalization
- Nb-Promoted C–F Functionalization
- Conclusion

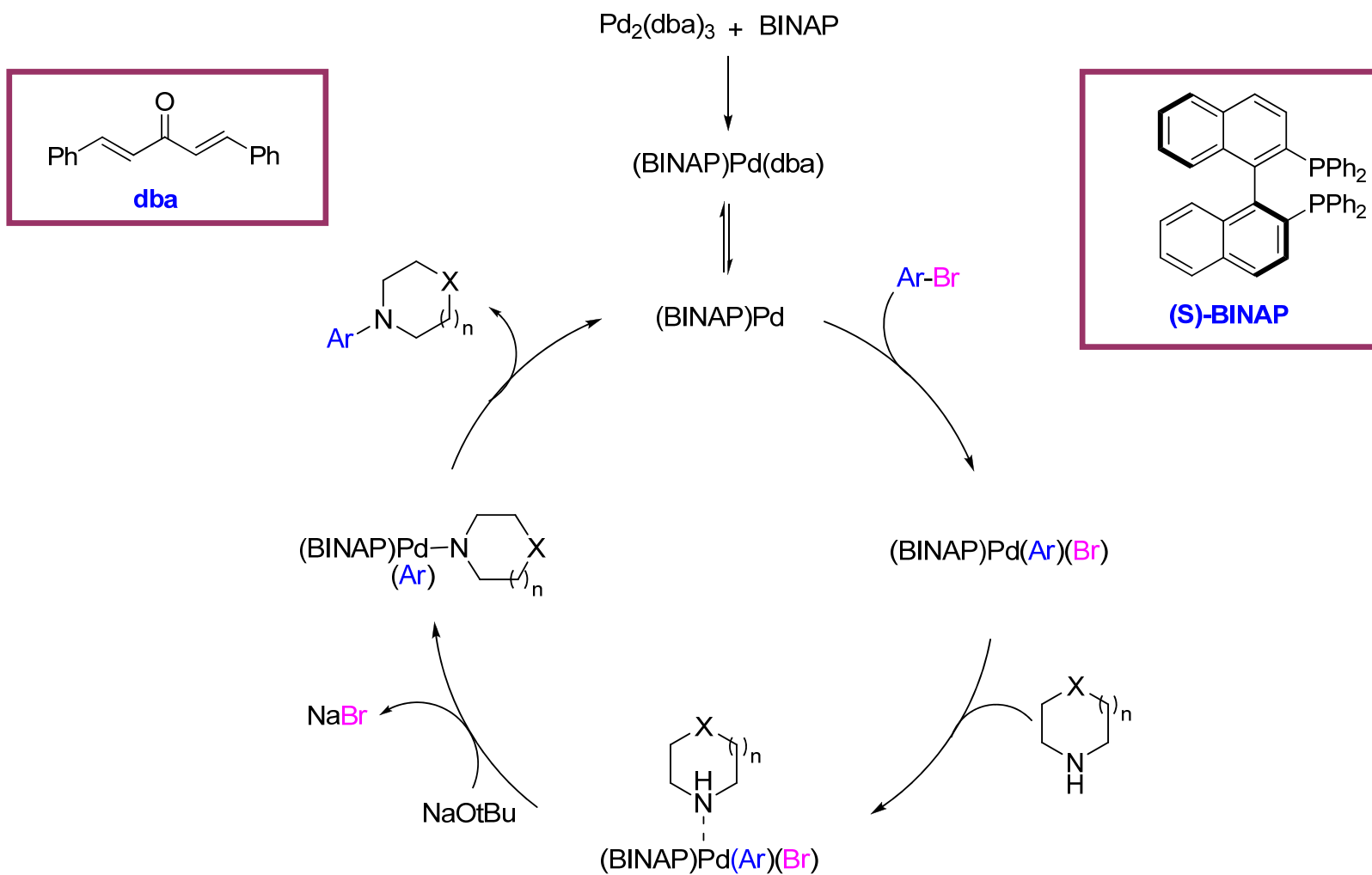
# Nb-Promoted C–F Functionalization



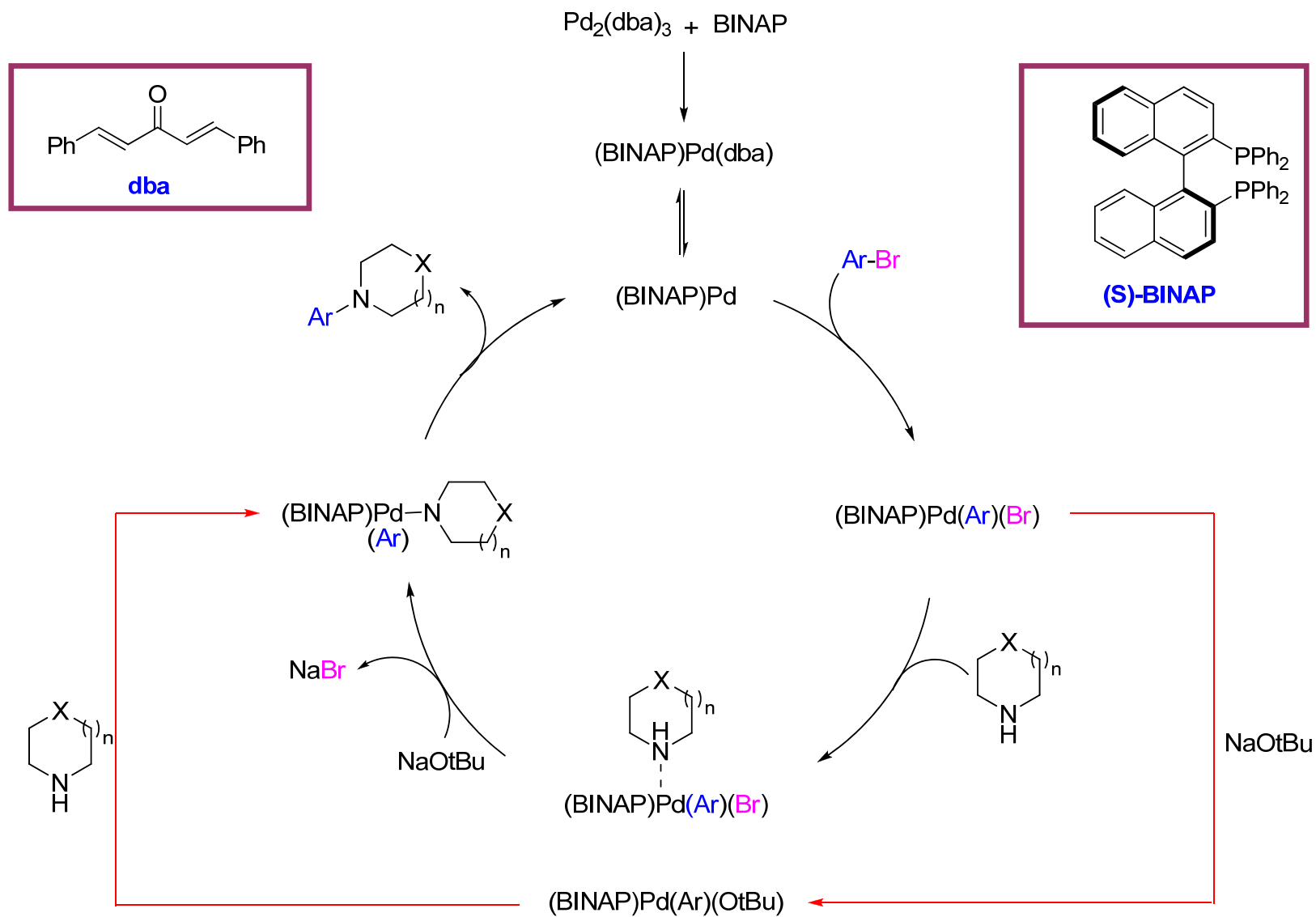
# Preparation of Fused Ring Components



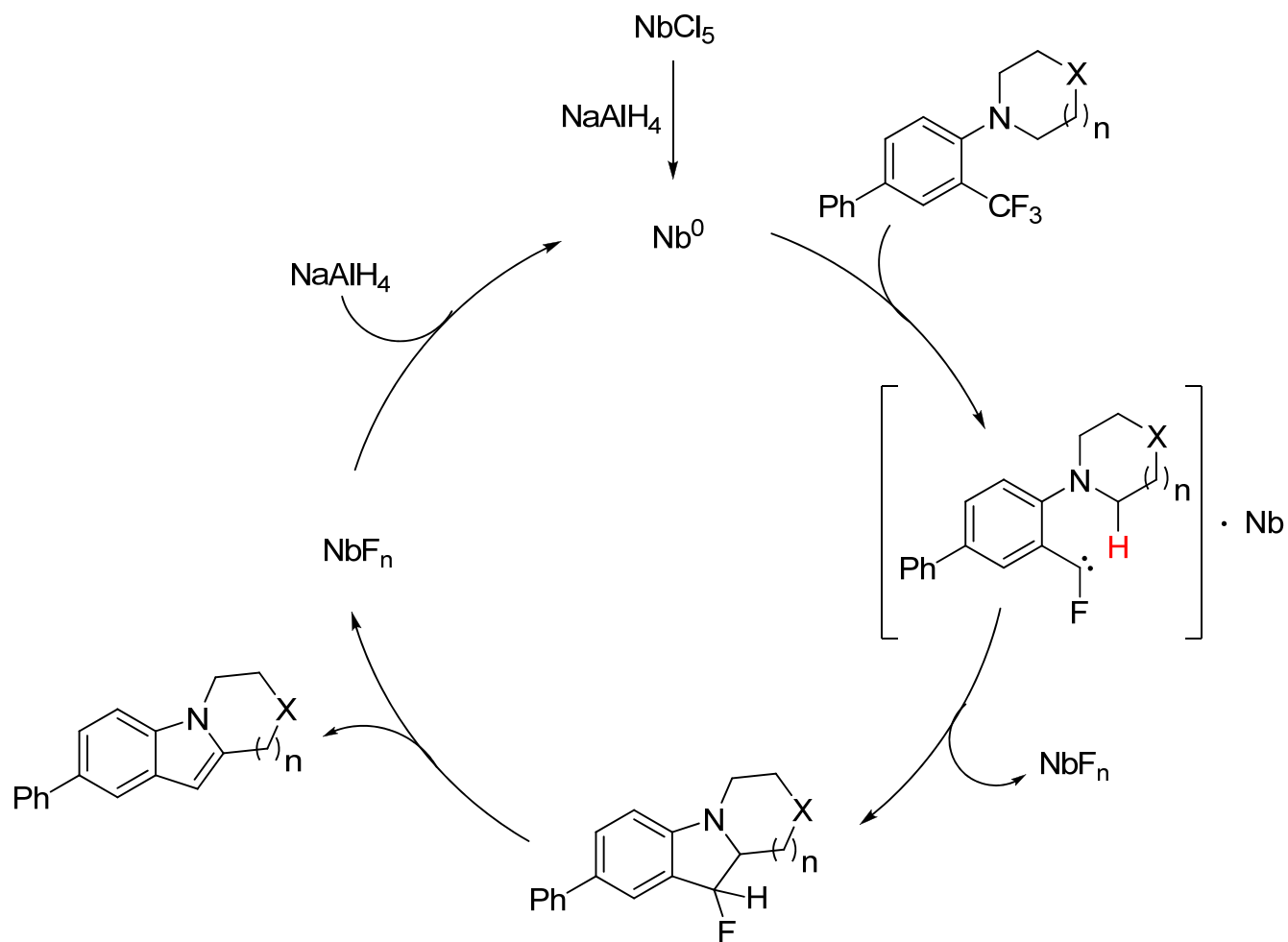
# Amination Reaction Pathway



# Amination Reaction Pathway



# Proposed Catalytic Cycle



Driver, T. G. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2009**, *48*, 7974.

Akiyama, T. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2009**, *48*, 8070.

# Conclusion

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- The indole scaffold is of particular importance in nature and medicinal chemistry.
- New synthetic strategies target the efficient preparation of indoles that exhibit multiple substitution patterns.
- Novel developments have been made toward the functionalization of otherwise unreactive bonds.

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THANK YOU